Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the [illegible]."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 6, 1901. NO. 21.

NO EXTRA SESSION.

No Change Will be Made in the Philippine Policy.

THE PRESIDENT'S AUTHORITY

Attorney General Decides He Can Continue in Force Present Tariff Regulations.

A GREAT RELIEF TO THE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—An extra session of Congress to consider the Philippine question will not be called. This was decided at the Cabinet meeting yesterday, and immediately after its conclusion the following official announcement was made:

"The President has determined that existing conditions do not require or warrant calling Congress together during the present summer or making any change in the policy hitherto pursued and announced in regard to the Philippine Islands."

The statement is so concise as to leave nothing to be said except of detail as to how the opinion was reached by the President and his advisers. It is further stated that the conclusion was unanimous and that there was not even a difference of opinion in the most minor features.

Practically the same conclusion was reached by the Cabinet at the session last Friday. As there was room for fuller discussion and investigation, however, the President then asked Attorney General Knox to give the subject of the bearing of the Supreme Court decision on the Philippines his attention, with a view of presenting his opinion. Mr. Knox told the Cabinet yesterday that he had never had any doubt that the affairs of the Philippines could continue to be conducted as at the present time. He had examined the Spooner and other amendments relating to the Philippines, and had carefully gone over the Porto Rican decision of the Supreme Court. He felt that the President had ample authority to continue in force the tariff regulations that have governed the importation and exportations of goods from the islands. Mr. Knox did not render a formal opinion, and simply gave the President and Cabinet his views.

The main point upon which the opinion was based is that the Philippines are not on a civil basis and will not be so long as they are subject to the control and direction of the President of the United States and the War Department. Even with the inauguration of what is called civil government on the 1st of July, as the President intends, the islands will continue to remain under military control until Congress shall have taken the matter in hand and passed complete laws changing the administration of affairs to a positive civil law establishment.

The announcement that there will be no extra session will be a great relief to many Congressmen. A number of Senators and Representatives are in foreign lands. Speaker Henderson and a dozen or more members of the House are on the continent of Europe or en route, and some 12 or 15 representatives are in the Philippines or on the point of sailing for those islands. The calling of an extra session would have upset many plans for the summer, and there will be universal delight in Congressional circles that the President's adviseres have taken such a decided stand against disturbance of the existing programme.

As explained at the War Department the action taken by the Cabinet indicates that the previously announced policy of the administration with respect to the Philippines will be carried out without waiting for further action by Congress. In other words, the existing military government will be superseded by a civil government about July 1, and the existing customs tariff promulgated by General Otis and based on the old Spanish tariff will be superseded by the customs tariff recommended by the Taft Philippine commission and now undergoing consideration and revision at the War Department.

—One section of a train carrying Buffalo Bill's show, ran into the train ahead of it, near Bellwood, Saturday morning. Four cars were telescoped. Some of the show people were injured, but no one was killed.

—Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Audessa Stiver, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus P. Stiver, and Dr. Allan B. Painter, at their residence, Mill Hall, at 8 o'clock, Wednesday, June 12.

Dowie Greatly Excited.

CHICAGO, June 3.—"I am Elijah, the prophet, who appeared first as Elijah himself, second as John the Baptist, and who now comes in me, the restorer of all things. Elijah was a prophet, John was a preacher, but I combine in myself the attributes of prophet, priest and ruler over men. Gaze on me then; I say fearlessly. Make the most of it, you wretches in ecclesiastical garb. I am he that is the living physical and spiritual embodiment of Elijah, and my commission to earth a third time has been prophesied by Malachi, by God himself, by his son Jesus, by Peter, and 3,000 years ago by Moses. All who believe me to be in very truth all of this will stand up," and over 3,000 people rose to their feet and greeted the declaration with cheers and hand clapping.

John Alexander Dowie, true to his promises, made this statement from the platform of the Auditorium tonight in the presence of 5,000 people. It was the culmination of a frenzied speech, in which he denounced everybody and everything not in Zion, cursed the people and the Roman Catholic church, spat literally on Masonry, the newspapers and bankers of Chicago, and raged and tore up and down the stage like a mad man.

"Understand well what I mean" he continued, "I will take no counsel in my methods of government. I have come to proclaim theocracy pure and simple, the government of God, by God and for God, and I will never rest until all other forms of government have been driven from the earth."

To Close the Stores at 6 O'clock.

A movement in the right direction is now being made among the business men of our town, namely, to close their stores at 6 o'clock in the evening, except on Saturday evenings and pay days, during the hot summer months. If the movement succeeds it will go into effect July 1, and last until September 1.

A petition is now being circulated among the business men with this object in view and already most of the leading business firms have affixed their signature thereto. The movement is certainly a worthy one and it is hoped it will receive the hearty co-operation of all. Most of the business during the summer could easily be transacted before 6 o'clock, if the people only understood that the stores closed at that time, and what a welcome blessing it would be to the business men and their hard working clerks, if they could only have their evenings off during the hot summer months.

Then again the clerk who is faithful to his employer is deserving of some consideration at his hands. Give the clerks a chance and they will do better and more efficient work. By all means let the movement be a success.

Portrait of Buchanan.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—At Mercersburg, Pa., today, the Mercersburg academy was presented with a portrait of James Buchanan, former president of the United States. The portrait was given to the academy by Mrs. Henry E. Johnston, of Washington, D. C., who is better known in this country and in Europe as Harriet Lane, a niece of President Buchanan, and the mistress of the White House during his administration. It was painted by Chase and is said to be an excellent likeness of the late president.

A party of interested friends, consisting of Mrs. A. J. Cassatt, Mrs. Maskell Ewing, and the Misses Buchanan, who were the daughters of the late Rev. Edward Y. Buchanan, for many years pastor of the Oxford church at Fox-Chase, and who were nieces of the late President Buchanan, went to Mercersburg to participate in the ceremonies in connection with the presentation.

Mercersburg is the birthplace of James Buchanan and the occasion served to bring into reunion his surviving relatives, who are composed entirely of the ladies mentioned.

Snow Storm in June.

On Sunday evening during a thunder storm at Freeland, Luzerne county, snow and hail fell in torrents, completely covering the ground. Trees, shubbery and garden plants were destroyed by the hail and the fruit crop in that section is completely ruined. The storm raged so furiously that its equal cannot be recalled by any of the older residents. When the storm ceased old and young indulged in snow balling.

Enlarging Hosiery Plant.

The West Branch Hosiery company, of Milton, is erecting an addition to its plant 75 x 155, which will make it one of the largest of its kind in the state. There has been such a great demand for the goods that the company was unable to fill orders of late and was compelled to enlarge the plant. One hundred additional hands will be employed when the building is completed.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Rapid Transit Bills Passed First Reading in House.

THIS AFTER AN ANIMATED DEBATE

Ineffectual Efforts Made to Stay Their Progress, all Dilatory Motions Being Promptly Voted Down by a Majority.

"RIPPER" BILL IS TO BE AMENDED

HARRISBURG, Pa. June 4.—The Emery and Focht rapid transit bills, which were passed by the senate last week, passed first reading in the house last night and will come up today for second reading under the order of business fixed by the rules committee. The bills will be taken up for the third reading and final passage on Wednesday and the indications are that they will go through without serious opposition.

Both bills were received from the senate at Monday's afternoon session of the house and promptly referred to the corporations committee. An hour later they were reported from committee by Mr. Stroh, of Carbon. Before the committee made its report, Mr. Creasy, of Columbia, moved to adjourn, his purpose being to shut out the report until the evening session. The motion failed by a vote of 97 to 33. After the committee had made its report, Mr. Coray, of Luzerne, raised the point of order that the committee had no right under the rules to sit while the house was in session without permission from that body. Speaker Marshall ruled that the committee's report having been received by the house that ended the matter.

Before the bills were reached last night Mr. Mayne, of Lehigh, moved that the Focht bill be recommitted for a hearing. Mr. Bliss, of Delaware, raised the point of order, and was sustained by the speaker, that a bill cannot be recommitted until after it had passed first reading. Mr. Creasy appealed from the decision in a written appeal signed by himself and Messrs. Haag, of Schuylkill; Fuerth, of Wayne; Miller, of Northampton, and Drase, of Berks.

Mr. Bliss moved to lay the appeal on the table and the motion was adopted by a vote of 102 to 36. Acting Speaker Voorhees decided that the appeal had been tabled and decision of the chair sustained.

Mr. Bliss subsequently reported a resolution from the rules committee fixing senate bill on second reading the first order of business at this morning's session, and that no member be allowed to speak more than once nor longer five minutes on any bill. The opponents of the rapid transit bills demanded a roll call on the resolution, which was adopted by a vote of 114 to 28. Both bills were then read the first time, along with a number of appropriation bills for private charities, after which the house adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Henderson, of Allegheny, introduced a bill covering amendments to the act governing cities of the second class commonly known as the Pittsburg "ripper." The amendments are intended to give the city recorder the power formerly within the jurisdiction of the mayor, allow the directors of public work and public safety to appoint all subordinates without approval of councils, give councils the power to prescribe the bonds to be given by city officers, require appointments to be made by reason of fitness of the appointee and not for political purposes, add authorizing the delinquent tax collector and city solicitor to make monthly deposits in the city treasury.

The Snyder bill appropriating $1,000,000 to pay the deficiency in the school appropriation, caused by Gov. Stone's reduction in 1899, was reported to the house from the appropriation committee. The following bills were also brought out of committee:

Pennsylvania Home for the Friendless, Williamsport, $8,000; Penn'a. commissioners for promoting uniformity in legislation, $1,000; Columbia hospital, $16,000; State College experimental stations, $2,000; Lancaster General hospital, $20,000; Warren Emergency hospital $8,000, Temporary Home for children, Allegheny, $3,000; State Normal school at Clarion, $6,000; Lackawanna hospital, Scranton, $90,000; Almira home, New Castle, $2,000; Todd hospital, Carlisle, $2,000; Johnstown hospital, $40,000; board of public charities, $20,000; Oil City hospital $15,000; State College, $175,000; Friends' Home for children, Philadelphia, $4,000; Williamsport Training school, $4,000; Free Hospital for consumptives, $110,000; Western Penn'a. Institution for the deaf and dumb, $91,200.

BOILER BLEW UP.

Frightful Accident at Caldwell Clinton County.

Saturday's Lock Haven Democrat gives the following particulars of a frightful accident that occurred in that county Friday afternoon.

A frightful accident occurred at Caldwell, this county Friday afternoon, which resulted in the killing of George Helms and the slight injuring of Harry Kryder.

The men were working at the saw mill of Frank Swartz. Late in the afternoon the mill shut down for steam. About 5 o'clock Mr. Helms, who was the engineer and fireman, informed Mr. Swartz that he thought he had enough steam and started the engine. He turned the water into the boiler, and immediately there was a terrific explosion, pieces of the boiler flying in all directions.

Henry McCloskey, a butcher, was driving towards Caldwell. He heard the report, and as he came over the top of the hill he heard the women screaming and saw a portion of the wrecked mill. He hastily drove to the mill and jumped out. He met Mr. Kryder, who was limping away from the mill. Mr. Kryder stated that he had been struck by a flying piece of the boiler on the hip, and while the injury was painful, he was still able to walk.

Mr. McCloskey was also told that Helms was missing. He began a search for the body and found it lying on the stomach on a pile of shingles about 30 feet to the right of where Mr. Helms had been standing when the boiler blew up. He dragged the body to an open place. In doing so he saw that the head and left arm were missing. He soon found the battered head about 20 feet from where the body had landed. The arm he was not able to find, but he found several pieces of bones and flesh.

George Helms was about 60 years old. He is survived by his wife and several children.

An Aged Man's Death.

Jacob Markel died at the home of his son [illegible] H. Markel, at Tyrone at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, from infirmities incident to old age. He had been ill about seven weeks. Born at York, Pa., March 4, 1819, he was aged 82 years, 2 months and 9 days.

The deceased after growing to manhood lived in Nittany and Penn's Valleys, Centre county, for fifteen years, then established a home at Pine Grove Mills, where forty-five years of his life were spent. He had been at the home of his son in Tyrone since the 7th of April last. His wife, Eliza Duffey Markel, died October 2 of last year. Surviving are the following sons and daughters: John H. Markel, of Bellwood; James Calvin Markel and Mrs. Sarah J. Warner, of Graysville; Dr. A. R. Markel, of Tyrone, and Mrs. Charlotte M. Kepler, of Pine Grove Mills. Two brothers also survive, viz. John Markel, of Bellefonte, and Samuel Markel, of Gatesburg. Mr. Markel was a stone mason by occupation, and an active citizen during the vigor of manhood in the communities where he spent his life after arriving at the age of maturity. He was a member of the Lutheran church at Pine Grove Mills.

A short service was held at the home of Dr. Markel at Tyrone at 6.45 o'clock Sunday evening, by Rev. F. L. Bergstresser. Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock funeral services were conducted at Pine Grove Mills by the deceased's pastor, Rev. Charles A. Aikens, after which interment was make at that place.

An Agnostic Marriage.

Cincinnati, O., June 3.—The first "Agnostic marriage" in this country occurred here yesterday and formed the closing feature of the Agnostic Sunday school that has been established here. The contracting parties were Frederick Federle and Miss Martha Seaman. Justice Alexander Roebling performed the legal part of the ceremony, after which both parties made their pledges, including one not to resist divorce proceedings. The bride also repeated the words: "If I should discover that we are uncongenial or mismated, I hereby pledge that I will not bear children that are not born of affection."

Flag Day.

June 14, the anniversary of the adoption of "Old Glory" by the continental congress as the official flag of the then colonies, is generally known as Flag Day, and the American Flag association, with headquarters in New York city, are sending out urgent appeals to all classes of citizens, as well as municipalities, the public press, patriotic orders and the various schools, to make the coming flag day a memorable one, because of it being the first one in the new century.

THE CURTIN MONUMENT

Bill Before Senate to Have State Appropriation.

SENATOR HEINLE ASKS FOR $10,000

Eloquent Speech of the Centre County Senator Who Paid a Splendid Tribute to the Great War Governor.

THE BILL PASSED THE SENATE

HARRISBURG, June 3.—A determined effort and what will, no doubt, be a successful one, will be made this week to secure the passage by the House of Representatives of the bill appropriating $10,000 for the erection of a monument at Bellefonte to Pennsylvania's war Governor Andrew G. Curtin.

Senator William C. Heinle, of Centre county, introduced the bill in the Senate and paid an eloquent tribute to the distinguished Pennsylvanian whose memory it is proposed to honor

In the course of his remarks Senator Heinle said:

This bill, which I had the honor to introduce, has met with such generous response by this body that no time was given me in which to fittingly present the estimable virtues possessed by him in whose honor the great Commonwealth of Penna. is now asked to provide a suitable monument.

But such is my respect for the memory of Andrew G. Curtin, a respect equalled only by the great love and veneration I bore him in the flesh, that, though unprepared, I feel I would not be true to the loyal soldier of this Commonwealth did I not venture a few words regarding the life of this great citizen.

But yesterday the surviving veterans of the great Civil War stood above the graves of their former comrades to pay a loving but tearful tribute to their valor and devotion for the cause of freedom and for the unity of the sisterhood of States.

God bless that surviving band of heroes of the bronze button, now fast gathering to the shores of eternity! God bless them for their loving remembrance of their departed comrades, and God reward them for teaching us, by example, our duty to one who was comrade, father and brother.

No State in the Union did so much to the Federal Government in its war for the Union as did Pennsylvania, and no man did so much to strengthen the courage and zeal of President Lincoln as Andrew G. Curtin, known all over this land as the great war Governor of Pennsylvania.

It was Andrew G. Curtin, who, early in the sixties, called a convention of the Northern Governors at Altoona, and the direct consequence of that act of his unquestionably saved this Nation. At all times patriotic and resourceful, there was never a day nor an hour, from the beginning to the close of the Civil War, that he was not in touch with the Executive at Washington, the soldiers in the field and the widows and orphans at home, whom war had robbed of father, brother and protector.

The great and compassionate heart of Andrew G. Curtin would be enshrined in the heart of every man who rejoices that no child of a Pennsylvania soldier was ever compelled to ask for charity or to forego the blessings of a common school education.

The Soldiers' Orphan' schools were the creation of Andrew G. Curtin. The barefooted, penniless child, deprived of father and fortune by the cruel blasts of war, that child forced to beg her living upon the streets, that child trying to support an invalid mother by weary appeals to passersby, accidentally appealed to Andrew G. Curtin. The answer to that appeal was the erection and support of soldiers' orphans' schools by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Andrew G. Curtin conceived that noble idea. Andrew G. Curtin was the heart and brains of the legislative measure by which the schools were created, and he it was who, at one time, prevented the defeat of the measure by marshalling before the doubtful "Thomases" in the legislature scores of children whose fathers' bones were fertilizing Southern battlefields.

If monuments could be erected from grateful tears of widows, from the joyous laughter of rescued orphans, or from the plaudits of home-returning soldiers of the war, there would be no need of this appropriation. Such a monument would long ere this have been fashioned into shape by fingers more loving than those of Phidias and truer than those of any Angelo.

The record of Andrew G. Curtin as Minister to Russia, his record in Congress and the great part he bore in the creation of the public school system in Penna., would require too much of the time of this short session of the Senate were I permitted to dilate thereon.

But there is no need of comment here, for men who have lived really great lives need no biographer. Their works live after them to preach louder and more eloquent than tongues of men.

I have asked for this appropriation for a monument to the memory of Andrew G. Curtin. Perhaps it would have been more in accord with the just properties, had the phraseology been changed so as to read "an appropriation for a monument to Pennsylvania" or "a monument for the benefit of posterity.

Monuments benefit the living. They cannot recreate the dead. For the living then, and for those who shall live after us, we will erect this monument. It shall teach a world fast losing its nobler virtues in the mad, devouring swirl of commercialism, that here lived a man who loved his neighbor as himself, whose idol was his country's greatness, whose name was Andrew G. Curtin, and whose title was the "great war Governor of Pennsylvania."

There are a number of men who fought in the Union army while Curtin was Governor who are now members of the House of Representatives, and they will all heartily co-operate in the proposition to pass this appropriation.

THE STATE PRESS.

The dairymen of Pennsylvania seem to be getting about all the legislation they ask for these days.—Wellsboro Agitator.

The Philadelphia Press has learned that Postmaster General Smith will not retire from the cabinet, and its information may be taken as coming straight from headquarters.—Reading Times and Dispatch.

The senate passed the Haag bill, which protects employes of corporations in their right to belong to labor unions. No man should be refused employment or dismissed from work because he is a union man. Bradford Star.

The natural gas supply is steadily falling off. There is a constant activity on the part of gas companies to secure new territory and increase their supply, but notwithstanding their efforts the future for natural gas is not promising.—Bradford Era.

American mechanics who demand shorter hours are not bent on reducing the productive power. Their demand for fewer hours at the same pay is purely a business proposition, and is an equivalent to an increase in wages.—Scranton Republican.

A Kentucky judge has decided that "government by injunction" is unconstitutional. He is right; but less than a year ago he saw nothing wrong in government by a usurper who got his place by the most outrageous denial of the rights of the people ever witnessed.—Erie Times.

Anent the fact that horseflesh has gone away up in figures in Scottdale and vicinity it is interesting to recall that when the panic was on the price of horses fell in harmony with the prices of everything else. The Mr. Faintheart proclaimed boldly that horses would never again be worth much money.—Scottdale Observer.

If you want to eat oleo you must take it white. You must not have your esthetic tastes satisfied in the matter of color, but, wholesome of unwholesome, you can have oleo if you want it. After all it can make no difference to people who cannot see. We have "blind man's buff"—why not "blind man's butter?"—Punxsutawney Spirit.

The fact that the new capitol completion bill has been postponed in the house should not cause the least worry on the part of anybody concerned. The gentlemen who are back of the measure have the fullest assurance that the bill will be taken up in plenty of time and passed, and that the governor will approve it.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

Heavy Thunder Storms.

Two heavy thunder showers passed over Bellefonte and over a large portion of the county on Sunday. The first storm came up about 1 o'clock, the second one hour later in the afternoon.

In the Bald Eagle and Nittany valleys the storms were more severe than they were here. In some sections the hail was as large as hickory nuts, and great damage was done to the crops and fruit. Gardens were destroyed and the cornfields damaged by the deep gulleys that were washed in them by the heavy rain that fell in torrents. Reports from Jacksonville, Howard and other places in the valley state the storm was very heavy there.

The big black clouds swept down the West Branch valley leaving destruction in their path. Williamsport, Milton and Watsontown all report that the storm was heavy at those places and the hail of large size. Leaves were cut from the trees and shrubbery, and vegetation destroyed. In this city and vicinity the hail was small and did but little damage.

—Attorney General Knox has determined to contest the general jail delivery order by the Pennsylvania legislature so far as it applies to federal prisoners in this state. The test will be made through United States district attorneys, and it is understood the first case is likely to be that of William Moore, a prisoner serving a term of four years and ten months in the Western penitentiary for robbing the postoffice at Barnesboro, Cambria county, in August, 1897. Moore was arrested by Officer Barr, of Tyrone, and while in the Hollidaysburg jail attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat.

—The battleship Illinois will have its trial trip June 11.

Additional Locals.

—The best part of the Kimberley diamond field covers nine acres only.

—The daughter and son of Senator Mason, of Illinois, are his law partners.

—Six hundred pounds of mail from Manila reached Washington, D. C., Tuesday.

—The members of the local lodge of Odd Fellows enjoyed a substantial and palatable "spread" in their lodge rooms Thursday night.

—The graduation essay of a Kansas schoolgirl is entitled "The Three Boxes—The Ballot Box, the Contribution Box and the Hat Box."

—Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, pastor of the Bellefonte Methodist church delivered an eloquent Memorial Day address at Milesburg Thursday afternoon.

—Cycling has its ups and downs. After the downs, use Banner Salve if you're cut or bruised. It heals the hurt quickly. Take no substitutes. All druggists.

—Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Sue Holter, formerly of Bellefonte, to Mr. Charles Rubicam, of Altoona, to take place in Pittsburg, June 6th.

—Allen Halverson, of West Prairie, Wis., says: "People come ten miles to buy Foley's Kidney Cure," while A. J. Spero, of Helmer, Ind., says: "It is the medical wonder of the age." All druggists.

—An inquiry as to why some mail bags did not return from the Congo district elicited the information that the native women are wearing them as petticoats.

A. O. Blanchard, West Bangor, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years Have doctored with several physicians and I got no relief until I used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure." All druggists.

—The Bellefonte Glass works closed down for the summer season last Wednesday night and the occasion was celebrated in proper style by all hands. The Coleville band was there to furnish music.

—William Woodard, of Decatur, Ia., writes: "I was troubled with kidney disease for several years, and four one dollar size bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me. I would recommend it to anyone who has kidney trouble." All druggists.

—Two large festivals were held at Boalsburg on Memorial Day. One was given by the Presbyterians and the other by the local fire company. The Coleville band was in attendance. Both festivals were highly successful and largely attended.

—Edward Huss, a well known business man of Salisbury, Mo., writes, "I wish to say for the benefit of others, that I was a sufferer from lumbago and kidney trouble, and all the remedies I took gave me no relief. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and after the use of three bottles. I am cured." All druggists.

—Olie Livingston carries the medal for catching the champion big fish in Curwensville waters. He was dipping for suckers Monday and a big German carp got in his net. He dragged it ashore. It measured 35 inches in length and weighed 18¾ lbs.

—Ira D. Reckard, Duncombe, Ia., writes: "My little boy scalded his leg from the knee to the ankle. I used Banner Salve immediately and in three weeks' time it was a most entirely healed. I want to recommend it to every family and advise them to keep Banner Salve on hand, as it is a sure remedy for scalds or any sores." All druggists.

—Wilson I. Fleming has been elected Eminent Grand Captain General of the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Pennsylvania. It is the custom to hold the annual conclave in the town of which the retiring commander resides. This will give Bellefonte the State meeting sometime in the near future.

—Charles McClure, son of James I. McClure, of this place, who will be graduated from Princeton University this month has been accepted by the government as an instructor in the schools in the Philippines and expects to sail for his post of duty within a short time after his graduation.

—The consolidation of the Central Penna. Telephone and Supply Co., and the Penna. Telephone Co., of Harrisburg has been decided upon. The headquarters of the Central Penna. Co., at Williamsport will be abolished and the consolidated interests will be directed from Harrisburg under the name of the Pennsylvania Telephone Co.

—Confederate Memorial Day was observed at Lexington, Va., on Saturday by the decoration of the tomb of General R. E. Lee, at Washington and Lee University, and the grave of General T. J. Jackson (Stonewall) and hundreds of others buried in the Lexington cemetery. The memorial address was delivered by Rev. Dr. J. A. Quarles, of Washington and Lee University, in the Lee Memorial Chapel. A parade was a feature of the day.

—A few days ago Mrs. George W. Vernes was fishing at White's old mill pond, Williamsport. Two boys named Wallace Frable and Herbert Shuler were playing on the logs a short distance away. Frable finally slipped off a log and fell in the water. Mrs. Vernes hastened to his assistance. She waded out as far as she could and then by the aid of her fishing pole rescued the boy. He was going down for the third time when he grabbed hold of the pole. She dragged him out, and after he was resuscitated, she took him to his home on South street.

ADMINISTRATION DECIDES

Cuba's Acceptance of Terms Not Substantial Enough.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF CABINET

It was Preceded by a Conference Between President McKinley and Senators Platt, of Connecticut, and Lodge.

THE INSULAR CASES DISCUSSED

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The administration has decided that the action of the Cuban constitutional convention in accepting the terms of the Platt amendment with modifications and interpretations of their own was "substantial" compliance with our terms within the meaning of the amendment and Secretary Root will convey this intelligence to the convention. The decision was reached at the cabinet meeting yesterday. The meeting lasted over an hour and a half and had been preceded by an hour's conference between the president and Senators Platt, of Connecticut, and Lodge, of Massachusetts. As the author of the amendment the president desired to learn the views of Senator Platt and also those of Senator Lodge, who is one of the influential members of the committee on foreign relations. At the cabinet meeting Secretary Root took the position that the interpretation of the Platt amendment contained in the constitution as adopted by the convention and the whereases appended to it, went outside of a fair interpretation of its meaning and was unacceptable. In this view the cabinet concurred. When asked as to what would be the next step of the government after the Cuban convention had been notified of the rejection of its action, one of the members of the cabinet said that the government could do nothing further until the convention again acted; that as long as the conditions of the Platt amendment were on the statute books, compliance with them must precede our relinquishment of control over the island.

The cabinet was unable to reach any conclusions as to the Philippine tariff situation, as affected by the recent insular decisions of the supreme court. Attorney General Knox will make a careful examination of the language of the decisions at once and ascertain their exact bearings on the tariff between this country and the Philippines. He then will state to the president and his advisors the powers now vested in the government in dealing with this subject. There was little discussion of this matter owing to the general lack of clear understanding as to the real effect of the decisions. Mr. Knox may report his conclusions on the subject at the next cabinet meeting and probably also will discuss the results of his examination of the opinions of the court with the president individually.

The cabinet held that the amendments and interpretations and the wealth of whereases placed by the Cuban constitutional convention upon the Cuban amendment amounted to a practical modification of the Platt amendment such as was beyond the power of this government to accept. The message of rejection sent to General Wood advises the Cubans in unqualified language that there is no power resting in the United States government to change the terms in the Platt amendment, and that this government insists on the acceptance of the Platt amendment, without amendment or qualification. The Cuban convention is still in session and the message of rejection will be delivered to it immediately.

The administration is confident that the Cubans will understand the exact attitude of this government and make a satisfactory acceptance within a reasonable period.

Woman is often referred to by man as "doubling his joys and halving his sorrows." That may be complimentary but it would seem to be rather hard on the woman. For in plain terms it means that where things are going well with the man his wife makes them go better. But when things are going ill with him, he expects the wife to share half his burden And there's more truth than poetry in this presentation of masculine selfishness. Men don't appreciate the fact that the strain of motherhood alone is a burden bigger than all the loads that rest upon male shoulders. They see the wife grow thin, pale, nervous and worn without a thought that she is over-burdened. Among the pleasant letters received by Dr. Pierce are those from husbands who have waked up before it was too late to the crushing burdens laid upon the wife, and in the search for help have found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a restorative which has given back to the mother the health of the maiden and the maiden's happiness. "Favorite Prescription" *always helps*, and almost always cures. It has perfectly cured ninety-eight out of every hundred women who have used it when afflicted with diseases peculiar to women.

Arrangements for Reunion.

The executive committee of the Clinton county Veteran association met in Lock Haven Saturday afternoon. It was decided to hold the annual reunion at Hecla Park on August 16, providing the park can be secured on that date. Messrs. W. A. Calderwood and G. T. Michaels were appointed a committee to secure eakers.

MEMORIAL DAY OBSERVED.

Street Parade and Decoration of Soldier's Graves With Flowers.

The disagreeable weather which for a week past had cast a gloom over Bellefonte and its vicinity, broke Thursday morning and the sun shone at intervals during the day. The rain had caused a general disarranging of plans for anything out of doors, but notwithstanding this Memorial Day was observed as usual by Gregg Post who were assisted by Co. B, and the Logan and Undine Fire companies. The first fair weather for a week brought a big crowd of people to the streets all anxious to witness the parade and listen to the eloquent speakers who delivered the addresses in the cemetery. The bad weather had greatly interfered with the work of arranging the graves, yet the most of them showed the work of tender hands and some of the decorations were rare and beautiful indeed.

The Memorial Day services were under the charge of Gregg Post No. 95, G. A. R., but special services were held by Co. B, over the graves of their departed comrades. Special services were also held over the grave of Gov. Curtin.

In the morning detachments from Co. B, and Gregg Post visited the cemeteries at Centre Hall, Pleasant Gap, Milesburg, Roland and other places.

The parade formed at 2 o'clock in the Diamond and moved at 2:15 in the following order: Coleville band, carriages containing speakers and old soldiers, Co. B, 5th Reg. N. G. P., Gregg Post No. 95, G. A. R., Logan Fire Co., and Undine Fire Co. The line of march was out Allegheny to Howard, to Spring, to Bishop, to Allegheny, to Howard and thence to the cemetery. At the cemetery interesting exercises were held under the direction of Commander James Harris.

The address of the day was delivered by Rev. Geo. I. Brown, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, and was a splendid effort, fitly eulogizing the heroic deeds of our honored dead and presenting many forceful truths in patriotism.

At the grave of Curtin, the war governor, eloquent addresses were delivered by Dr. Wm. Laurie of the Presbyterian church and by Capt. H. S. Taylor of Co. B.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

Liverpool has a gasometer which is the largest in England. It has 3,100,000 bubic feet.

The minimum pay of a public school teacher in Chicago is $600 a year, and in St. Louis $400.

Including the Oceanic, there are now ten steamers in the British merchant fleet of over 12,000 tons.

Sowing corn by hand in Scotland is still largely practiced, although broadcast machines are very common.

Re-marriage of divorced persons within a year after the granting of the decree has been forbidden in Wisconsin.

The population of northern China is almost completely vegetarian, the chief article of food being millet, rice, maize, potatoes and turnips.

The manufacture of carbon for use in electric lighting and other purposes has grown to be a great industry in the West Virginia gas belt. The process requires great heat.

During the year ended March 14, 1901, no less than 65 national banks, representing over $2,000,000 in capital stock, began business in Texas. Most of them situated in small towns and will stimulate business in sections where banks were scarce before.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York city, reports the number of visitors who passed through the turnstile in that treasure house of beauty in 1900 was 571,000. This indicates a daily average of over 1,800.

Statue for Curtin.

A bill was introduced in the senate at Harrisburg Wednesday afternoon by Senator William C. Heinle, of Centre county, which appropriates $10,000 for the erection of a statue of Andrew G. Curtin, Pennsylvania's Civil War Governor, at Bellefonte. It was favorably reported from committee and passed first reading Wednesday night,

Three Old Brothers.

Isaac Miller, aged 88 years, who lives one mile west of Tyleraville, last week entertained his twin brothers, Aaron Miller and Alexander Miller, aged 78 years, who hail from York county. They had not seen each other for many years and the meeting was a happy one. Their combined ages aggregate 244 years.

A PLUNGE TO DEATH.

Sad Ending of What Had Been a Day of Merriment.

SEVEN YOUNG PEOPLE DROWNED

Five Were Young Women and Two Youths Who Had Gone Out on the Schuylkill River in a Row Boat.

NONE OF THE BODIES RECOVERED

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—A rowboat containing a merry party of eight young persons was swept over Flat Rock dam in the Schuylkill river Thursday afternoon and seven of them—five girls and two boys—were drowned. The victims, were all residents of Philadelphia. The party were members of the Elm Social club, one of the numerous associations in the city organizated for the promotion of picnics and other social functions.

They embarked in gaily decorated wagons early Thursday morning, and pitched their camp at Rose Glen, along the Schuylkill river, on the northern outskirts of the city.

Following their usual custom the party split up after dinner for a row on the river. This was shortly after 2 o'clock. Boats were hired and the party set forth for an hour's fun on the river. Heavy rains during the past week had made the muddy stream quite high, and the current was much swifter than usual. However, the unfortunate party immediately struck out for mid stream.

All the girls were huddled together in the stern, one of the boys was rowing and the other was sitting on the bow of the boat. After getting in the middle of the river and finding the current too swift for comfort the boat was rowed in toward the shore. During this time it was carried slowly down stream. The boy doing the rowing decided to go through the locks, and as he approached the dam he was hailed by the lock-keeper not to approach any closer. The warning was not heeded and the young oarsman kept on rowing until he found that the lock was closed. He attempted to turn the boat, which was then about fifty feet from the dam and twenty-five feet from the shore, but he turned the wrong way. A moment later and the boat was in the swiftly moving current. Realizing then, for the first time, that they were in danger, the girls began screaming and the oarsman lost control of the boat. Swiftly it was carried toward the brink of the falling waters, and just as it reached the breast of the dam, over which thirty inches of water was passing, the entire eight stood up and the boat went over stern first.

The drop to the rocks below is approximately twelve feet. The boat struck the water bottom up, and as it disappeared the whole party was under it. Nothing more was seen by the few spectators who saw the accident for almost a minute, when the boat reappeared with one boy clinging to its keel. Then the other young man was seen to come to the surface and to make frantic efforts to reach shore by swimming. The five girls never rose to the surface.

The boy who was swimming, and who proved to be Osmond, became exhausted and sank before he could be rescued. Moore, the other boy, who was clinging to the boat, floated fully a half mile down the river, and his rescuers had an exciting time before they landed him in another boat. He was greatly exhausted and was slightly injured by the falling of the boat. Every effort was made to rescue the girls, but it was impossible to get them alive in the rushing waters. Up to a late hour last night none of the bodies of the victims had been recovered.

A Terrible Explosion.

"Of a gasoline stove burned a lady here frightfully," writes N. E. Palmer, of Kirkman, Ia. "The best doctors couldn't heal the running sore that followed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured her." Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Sores, Boils, Bruises, Skin Diseases and Piles. 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

State's Foot Ball Schedule.

Manager Stevenson has announced the foot ball schedule for the 1901 season. All told, eleven games have been scheduled, five of which will be virtually played at home, as follows:

September 21, Susquehanna at State; 28, Western University at Bellefonte; October 5, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 12, Burlingame A. C., at State; 19, Yale, at New Haven; 26, Cadets at Annapolis, November 2, Homestead A. C., at Homestead, 9, Wyoming at State; 16, Lehigh at Williamsport; 23, Dickinson at State; Thanksgiving Day, Buffalo at Buffalo.

Muncy Merchant Found Dead.

P. M. Moore, a prominent merchant, was found dead on a porch at his home at Muncy, Monday evening. Mrs. Moore, who was alone in the house, heard a noise on the porch, as though some one was trying to effect an entrance. He apparently had been stricken with paralysis as he was about to enter the house.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

AN EXPLANATION.

If you'll make a diagnosis when you're feeling sad and dreary,
As you would with any every-day disease,
If you'll simply question science as to why you're glum and weary
And everything seems dull and ill at ease,
Perhaps you will discover, after devious calculations,
The cause of all these symptoms which appall.
And you'll smile as you reflect, in spite of various irritations,
That it's nothing but the weather after all.

You'll find a sigh denoting neither sorrow nor contrition,
A tear drop's not indicative of care.
They are products of the meteorological condition—
Of extra moisture that is in the air
So perhaps it's not in reason fortune's chance to be reviling,
Or to vow life's store of happiness is small.
For when the sun comes out again, again we will be smiling,
It's nothing but the weather after all.

—The Washington Star

Sweet Wedding Bells.

The wedding of Miss Bess Hayes and Mr. Paul E. Reish, at the Presbyterian parsonage at Watsontown, Tuesday May 28th, was quite a surprise to the bride's friends here it was but the culmination of a pretty romance that had its beginning some years ago. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Wm. K. Foster, a friend of the bride. Just a few of their intimate friends were present and shortly after the ceremony the happy couple left on an evening train for a short visit in New York and Philadelphia,

Mrs. Reish is very well and favorably known here. She is a sister of Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, at whose home she has spent much of her time since the death of her parents several years ago. Her home, though, was in Mifflinburg and she is so genial and taking, as well as practical and capable, that her friends are glad to know that her marriage was a most auspicious one and promises only happiness and comfort. The groom is an excellent young man. He is in business with his father in Mifflinburg where they will establish their home upon their return.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by F. Potts green drug store Trial bottles free.

Rhone Speaks as a Granger.

Among the numerous expressions of congratulations the North American received for its aid in the passage of the Snyder bill to suppress oleo, was the following from Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall. He said: "We've made the fight and we've won. By we I mean the Grangers, the farmers. The North American and the people generally who believe in common honesty. If the Governor signs the Snyder bill the end of the illegal 12,000,000 pounds a year trade in oleo in this State should be speedily reached. It is a great victory."

Didn't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Stone Signs Bills.

HARRISBURG, June 1.—Governor Stone signed these bills:

Providing for the recording in certain instances of titles to real estate acquired by 21 years' adverse possession.

Requiring persons temporarily employed by detectives or detective agents to take out licenses.

The bill providing for the extinguishment of any ground rent or annuity or other charge upon real estate after 21 years, and making the same applicable to cases where the commonwealth is a party claimant, was vetoed.

Suicide Result of Punishment.

Irene Boyer, of Bellwood, near Tyrone, committed suicide Monday night by drowning because her father had whipped her. The girl was 17 years old.

On Monday morning she went to the home of a girl friend, told of quarrels with her family and said that she was going to drown herself. After she had left the house she was not seen alive again. Her body was found in Lowther's dam, near Bellwood, Wednesday.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates. All druggists.

Funeral of Mrs. Robert Fleming.

The remains of the late Mrs. Robert Fleming, who died at Lock Haven Wednesday morning were interred in the Catholic cemetery at this place Saturday afternoon. The body arrived here on the 1:05 train and the funeral cortege proceeded directly to the cemetery where interment in the Tammany family burial lot was made.

—Frank Kunkel, of the State College, has been promoted to the position of regimental quartermaster-sergeant of the 18th Regiment N. G. P., the head-quarters of which is Pittsburg.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's
ELECTRIC
Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure
Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts, $2, $4, and $6. Electric Corsets, $3, $1.50, $1.75, $2, and $3. Electric Flesh Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Razors, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $3.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N.Y.

GREGG POST EXTENDS THANKS.

To the People of Bellefonte for Their Generous Contributions of Flowers.

The thanks of Gregg Post, No. 95, G. A. R., are hereby extended to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity, who made generous contributions of flowers for decorating the graves of soldiers on Memorial Day and to the children and others who were so kind and active in bringing in the flowers. Below is a list of their names as far as it was possible to secure them.

John Bryan, May Bryan, Catherine Etters David Etters, Hugh Etters, Hastings Gates Billie Blanchard, V. Hoy, Eddie Berry, Donald Snyder, Harry Nightbart, John Steele, Harry Steele, Grace Steele, Frank Steele, Carl Steele, Harry Dunkle, Malin Cowdrick, Isaac Chambers, Raymond Jenkins, Harold Gardner, Hattie Brady, John Farthing, Edmund Garbrick, Helen Bair, Montgomery Bair, Irene Gross, Susie Shope, Willie Shope, Anna Spangler, Joseph Ross, Wm. Sechler, Cordelia Cox, Malcolm Degendorf, Reuben Spangler, Earnest Wagner, Harry Keeler, Helen McClellan, Nellie Solt, Hazel Solt, Lucretia Williams, Edward McKee, Clara Barry, Ed. Barry, Geo. Jackson, Helen Wian, Miss Emily Natt, Lucille Weizel, Mary McFarlane, Edith White, Miriam Montgomery, Henry Montgomery, Edmund Joseph, Ida Green, Emma Smith, Milligan McGarvey, Leah Woodson, Harry Koscans, Rachel Shuey, Sarah Shuey, John Bradom, Harry Kramer, Lee Wian, Mrs. M. A. Michtley, Snydertown.

By order of the Post.

JOHN NOLL, Adjutant. JAS. HARRIS, Commander.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Building at Earlystown.

Earlystown, south of Centre Hall, is experiencing a building boom. Abner Alexander, son of James Alexander, will during the next year erect a house and barn. The wall for the house is almost completed. The style of house will be similar to that of Lycurgus Lingle's on the Boal farm near by.

Samuel Durst will also erect farm buildings at Earlystown on the farm he purchased from the Wilson heirs through their agent Capt. G. M. Boal. Mr. Durst has the barn wall well underway, and expects to have the barn up for the fall crops.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

A Card of Thanks.

Bellefonte May 31, 1901.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

Dear Sir:—The members of the Peerless Concert Company wish to return their thanks to the generous public for their liberal patronage in the entertainment given in the Opera House Thursday evening May 30th, 1901, and hope the public will pardon us for the neglect of making this announcement at the close of the entertainment.

Respectfully
WM. STEWART Manager.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.
Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 860 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv At	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5[illegible]	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty [illegible]	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 28
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Tunct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	.... Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	.... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	.....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	.....Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Sprigs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	.....Clearfield ...	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 28	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 01	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	Millinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 39
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53		51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m			a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...		10 50	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...		10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....		10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...		10 11	2 26	9 13
4 06	12 29	9 15	....Eagleville....		10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....		9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...		9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....		9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....		9 40	1 58	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 54	....Bellefonte....		9 28	1 43	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg		9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...		9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	.....Unionville.....		9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian		8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....		8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda...		8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....		8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....		8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	..... DIX		8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...		8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 08	11 00	..... Vail		8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...		8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....		8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m			a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			Mail.	EASTWARD. Exp.	Bellf Ac
1†	†5	†2		†2	†4	6†
a m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 3
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 36	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 24	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.
f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10,01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32	5 20

TIMING YOUR TRAIN.

Ways In Which to Learn How Fast You Are Traveling.

"There has been some picturesque fiction written about the ease with which railroad men and drummers are supposed to tick off the miles as the train speeds along from things they can see from the car windows," said a railroad conductor to a reporter.

"There is only one strictly accurate way, and that is to seat yourself on the side of the train from which may be observed the white mile posts that line the road and hold your watch on them. If you have a split second watch, it will prove interesting to note that while you made one mile in 60 seconds the next was covered in 53 and the third in 70 seconds, and so on, as the speed of the train increases or slackens. You may also follow around the little second hand on an ordinary watch. It kills time.

"Some pretend to say that they can tell the speed of the train by counting the telegraph poles. If there were an exact number of telegraph poles to every mile, this might be done by a little figuring, but there is a difference. The number of telegraph poles to a mile vary from 33 to 40, depending upon the straight stretches and the curves in the track, the latter having more poles than the former. So, you see, it is not as easy as the drummer would have the other passengers believe.

"If the poles are planted 33 to the mile, they are 160 feet apart, and every 11 passed represents a third of a mile. If placed 40 to a mile, they are 132 feet apart, and every 20 represents half a mile.

"These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

"Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails where joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method, because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

"However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet. At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clinks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

THREE SIMPLE QUESTIONS.

And the Librarian Could Not Answer One of Them.

One day two well dressed young women approached the desk of the reading room of a big library. One of them took a memorandum from her pocketbook.

"Can you tell me how many yards—oh, that's the wrong list!" she said, hastily bringing forth another slip of paper. "Here it is. Will you please tell me who is Rudyard Kipling's favorite author?"

"I am unable to tell you, never having heard that he had one," admitted one of the librarians.

"Dear me!" said the young woman irritably. "It is one of the questions for our next club meeting. Well, which one of Thackeray's books brought him the most income?"

"That you can probably find out by consulting a book, the number of which I will give you," said the official.

"Oh, I can't stop to look it up!" she said hurriedly. "I thought you could tell me at once. Well, there's one more thing. Bessie Cummock, my cousin in Manchester, had a splendid book when I was there last year for anecdotes of famous people. I can't remember the name of it or who wrote it, but it was about so big"—illustrating with one finger on the desk—"and it has a dark green cover. Now, can you tell me what it is? Some day when I have time I would like to get it out. Of course you must have it in the library?"

For the third time the official was obliged to confess his inability to give her direct information. She looked at him with a piercing gaze and turned away, saying audibly to her companion:

"There, that just shows what all this talk about their being examined for positions in libraries amounts to! Three perfectly simple questions, all on literary subjects, and he couldn't answer one of them!"—Savings Journal.

The Toothpick Habit.

"I'd like to know what my customers do with all the toothpicks they carry away," remarked a restaurant proprietor the other day. "Few men take a single toothpick. Most of them take half a dozen and many a whole handful, and when they come in here again for the next meal they take as many over again. They don't need them. It's all due to the toothpick chewing habit, which seems to be growing. There isn't anything particularly pleasant about chewing a wooden toothpick, and it may be injurious if a piece of the wood lodges in the throat or gets down into the stomach, as it is very apt to. But the toothpick chewing habit is becoming a rival to the gum and tobacco habits. The only reason I can give for it is that the toothpicks are free and gum and tobacco are not."—New York Sun.

Snuffed Out.

Friend—What became of your poem called "Light, Beautiful Light?"

Poet (sadly)—The editor turned it down.—Philadelphia Record.

Don't wait until your friends are dead to give them flowers.—Atchison Globe.

A COUNTRY ROAD.

A dusty, stony way, whose bord'ring sod
Is thick with blackberries and goldenrod;
Abrupt, bare hills on one side looking down,
And from the other you can see the town
Follow the river's course through meadows green,
O'er which thick woods and marble ledges lean.

A little farther, where the road descends,
A brook's soft tinkle with some bird song blends,
(Gone from its edge the dear old dame's small cot
Half hidden by quaint flowers); lush bergamot
Makes sweet its banks, its depths the boys still swim
Or watch the minnows from some willow limb.

Upon its bridge how often I have stood,
Watching the west, whose glory seemed to flood
With tenderest light the poorhouse and the graves
Beside it—turn to gold the brooklet's waves—
Till from the hill, oh, dearest sight of all,
I saw my father, and I heard him call!

He came with sturdy stride and swinging pail—
My hand in his—told my day's whole tale
Of joys, that 'neath his bright smile seemed to grow,
While lessened was my every childish woe
As his sweet words fell on my soul like balm
While we walked homeward through the fragrant calm.

—Mary M. McCarthy in Boston Transcript.

SALTED BUTTER.

Why It Keeps Better Than Butter That Is Fresh.

Why does salt butter keep better than fresh butter? We must first realize that the bacterial population of a moderate sized pat of butter may be reckoned by millions, that a tiny lump only large enough to go into a thimble has been known to be tenanted by nearly 48,000,000, that, in fact, in consuming a slice of bread and butter you may unconsciously be assimilating individual lives exceeding in number those of the whole of Europe. Thus the urgency for keeping these hordes in check and hence the efforts which are made, first, to set up effectual barriers to their ingress by taking proper precautions in the production of milk and, second, in the conduct of the processes involved in the manufacture and distribution of the finished article.

Included in these processes is the addition of salt in such quantities as to justify the butter being known as salt butter, this addition being made with the object of extending the keeping powers of the butter or, in other words, to suppress to a large extent the activities of the butter bacteria. That salt does act in this manner is shown by the fact that in butter thus treated a very large reduction in the number of micro-organisms present is effected. There can be little doubt, therefore, that the common butter microbes do not by any means regard salt as their elixir of life.

In England boracic acid is said to be extensively used in butter as a preservative or antiseptic agent, while in the United States a recent public health document states that none was reported to have been found in the samples of butter examined. This is probably due to the fact that in America there exists a strong prejudice in favor of salt butter, whereas in England the use of salt butter is the exception and not the rule. Hence in America salt can be used as a preservative instead of the boracic acid employed for that purpose in England.

The densely populated condition of butter above referred to is not to be wondered at if we realize that the raw material in the shape of milk may contain from 500,000 to as many as 169,000,000 of bacteria in a few drops.—Longman's Magazine.

Where Yankees Beat 'Em.

He is from England, and not long from there. He was visiting his friends in Hyde Park and, of course, he was boasting.

"Oh, yes, me boy, the United States does very well for a new nation," he said kindly. "You are great in some respects, but look at us. We have our navy, that beats the world; our army, never licked; our great steamship lines, our bank, Lombard street, the financial center of the world; our loyal colonies, and all the rest. What can equal them?

"And we have age too. Look at our abbeys and our ancient towns and our papers of state. Why, man, in what can you boast of beating us?"

His Hyde Park friend studied a moment. Then he replied:

"Down in Texas there is an old chap who was talked to just this way once by a man from your country who went there for his health. And after all the Englishman's boasting was done the man of the cattle country winked at me, rolled his tobacco over in his mouth and spit 14 feet into the eye of a pig standing that far away.

"'Kin any bloody Englishman on earth do that?' says he. And I ask you, can he?"

The Englishman suggested brandy and soda in disgust.—Kansas City Journal.

When you can get a hearse at a bargain, drive the bargain.—Chicago News.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.
All druggists.

The Gypsies Festival and Vestal Virgins.

The Sunday School Volunteers of the Methodist Episcopal Sunday School gave a delightful entertainment in the lecture room of the church on Friday evening of last week, under the direction of the class teacher, Mrs. M. J. Babb. The musical features of the program were especially pleasing and the costumes of the youthful participants were attractive and presented very pretty pictures. There was a large audience present and the entertainment was a financial success.

The program for the evening's entertainment was as follows:

Cantata of the Gypsies' Festival Queen — Grace Robb
Fortune Teller — Jane Hafer
Yankee Peddler — Raymond Russell
Gypsies — Sunday School Volunteers
Recitation — Maud Ryan
(a) The Little Quaker Sinner.
(b) When Pa Begins to Shave.
Solo—"Two Marionettes" — Edna Koontz
Instrumental Music — Miss Fauble
The Vestal Virgins
Sibyl — Alpha Hafer
Calliope Muse of Epics — Bessie Ayres
Clio " History — Helen Landis
Melpomene " Tragedy — Carrie Robb
Enterpe " Lyrics — Inez Robb
Erato " Love Songs — Carrie Ayers
Terpsichore " Dancing — Edna Koontz
Urania " Astronomy — Pearl Royer
Thalia " Comedy — Maud Ryan
Polyhymnia " Sacred Things — Bertha Hunter

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Our soda isn't ordinary soda—it isn't made from ordinary materials. It's the kind of soda that requires the best grade of fountain supplies, lots of ice, skill and conscience in the making. It's the kind that affords little profit and makes friends.

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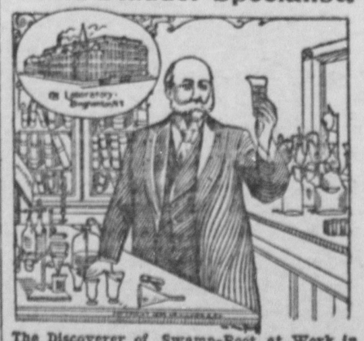

The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

TRUE is the saying "Borrowed trouble is always the most burdensome."

THE fat horse is always more easily sold than the lean one. Fat hides many defects.

PRETTY soon we shall once more have with us those brilliant bugs that "stumble through existence with their headlights on behind."

OUR Democratic friends have nominated their county ticket and they have from now until November to devise ways and means of accomplishing its election.

As we understand the Supreme Court decision, trade with the Philippines is now free and will remain so until Congress can meet to make it something else.

"IF ignorance is bliss then the fools in this world have the best of it," is the logical deduction of a man who pushes a pen for a living and pretty generally knows what he is talking about.

DRINKWATER is said to be the name of the man who saw the latest seaserpent. If this be true he had better change his name or his habits. A combination of both creates a most perplexing incongruity.

WHILE it is quite possible that the balance of trade in favor of the United States is almost wiped out by the sums the American tourists spend abroad, is that any reason for not rejoicing in the existence of the balance?

IN the olden time the sower went forth to sow, and he sowed by hand, cut his crop with a sickle, thrashed his grain with the tramp of oxen on the thrashing floor and winnowed the chaff from it with the winds of heaven. In a few remote parts of the east, says an agricultural writer, these primitive processes are still in vogue.

SOME idea of the vastness of the operations in this country can be inferred from the fact that the McCormick Machine Company of Chicago purchased recently from the Mexican government a tract of five hundred thousand acres of rich agricultural land in the lower part of the peninsula of Lower California, every acre of which has been planted in henequen (jenequen), a fibre used for making binder twine. Heretofore the manufacturers of that twine have imported the raw material from Yucatan.

SENATOR HEINLE'S speech introducing his bill in the Senate for an appropriation of $10,000 for a Curtin memorial was a splendid tribute to the memory of Pennsylvania's illustrious War Governor. Senator Heinle's bill passed the Senate without a dissenting vote and the Senator has been assured that it will receive similar treatment in the House. If the Senator is successful in securing this appropriation he will have accomplished an act that will win for him the gratitude of every soldier in Pennsylvania. The effort alone has gained for him the approval and commendation of his neighbors and fellow-citizens in Centre county.

THE UNTERRIFIED CONVENE.

The Democracy of Centre county by their representatives in convention assembled on Tuesday in Bellefonte selected delegates to the approaching State Democratic convention, nominated their county ticket for this fall's campaign and "resoluted" their condemnation of the State administration especially, the national administration in a style peculiar to Democratic conventions, and the Republican party in general.

The deliberations of the convention were saturated with harmony, indicating, it must be assumed, that sweet peace dwells in the camp of the Centre county Democracy and unanimity in sentiment and concord in purpose cements the ranks of the unterrified foe of Republicanism. The convention from start to finish was indeed a veritable political love feast and the delegates must of a certainty returned to their respective homes content with the knowledge that they performed their functions in accord with the wishes of their constituents and with those of the leaders as well.

Prothonotary M. I. Gardner and District Attorney N. B. Spangler had no opposition for renomination and the convention appropriately indorsed their administration of the duties of their respective offices by a unanimous renomination. We expect to do everything we can in an honorable and straightforward way to resist the election of these gentlemen and we expect the Republican county convention to nominate men for the offices of Prothonotary and District Attorney who will be in every way worthy to succeed the present Democratic incumbents and candidates and capable of giving commendable public service.

But we feel that we can compliment the Democratic convention for its good judgment in renominating men who have given such a creditable account of themselves as public servants. Messrs. Gardner and Spangler have made exceptionally good officials and their records certainly merited the mark of appreciation and confidence their fellow Democrats paid them in the action of their county convention.

The censure of the State administration embodied in the convention's resolutions is justly deserved and in conformity with our views hence we have nothing but praise for the action of the convention in this particular as well as in the renomination of Mr. Gardner and Mr. Spangler.

BORN TOO LATE TO KNOW WHEREOF HE SPEAKS

Captain Richard Pearson Hobson, whose spectacular cruise on the Merrimac brought him fame and several paragraphs in American history, delivered the Memorial Day address in Detroit, Michigan. Two arguments he advanced in his address have attracted the attention of a critical press and the peculiarity of his conception of the cause for the Civil war and the reason for the existence of slavery has been the subject of more or less adverse comment.

Captain Hobson, in the cousre of his address said that the Civil war was a "sociological necessity" to establish the fact of an indisoluble Union, and that slavery in the South was an institution of Divine Providence to prevent the extermination of the African tribes and to advance them in civilization. "Neither contention," says the Pittsburg "Dispatch," "has more than a sentimental assumption to rest upon." "The Civil war," continues the "Dispatch," "was a cruel necessity to avert threatened disruption of the Union, forced by the obstinate unreason of selfishness. Human slavery was an institution abhorrent to correct conceptions of free government and the mercy of Divine Providence. So far from saving the tribes of Africa from extermination at the hands of European invaders the slave trade has transplanted representatives of a few tribes only upon American soil and has left the present and perhaps future generations to deal with a race problem not much less serious than that which culminated in the war between Union and Secession."

As a matter of fact there has always been and will quite likely always be a wide difference in opinion between the people of the North and those of the South as to the real cause of, or the necessity for, the Civil war and their difference in opinion regarding the slavery question, resulting as it did in civil strife, exists today, though in the years following the surrender at Appomattox these diverse convictions have lost the sting that at one time accompanied their expression.

Men who lived and learned in that stormy period previous to the rebellion of the South; who knew the peril to which the Nation was drifting and who knew the horrors of slavery and believed its existence in free America to be "abhorrent to correct conceptions of free government and the mercy of Divine Providence" discussed from the standpoint of personal observation and experience "the necessity for civil war" and "the institution of slavery" and the public mind has long since settled into a state of strong conviction not to be disturbed by new theories advanced by men whose existence began after the war was over and slavery had passed into eternal oblivion.

It is a waste of time and breath for Captain Hobson at this late day to advance his theories concerning the necessity for the Civil war and air his vocabulary about slavery being an institution of Divine Providence. If he must mount the rostrum and speak his speech it would be better for him to confine his remarks to subjects with which he is familiar, for instance, naval construction and *destruction* or osculation as a fine art. The Civil war is long since over and slavery an institution that has passed out of existence. The people know all the whyfores and wherefores of each; Captain Hobson cannot change their convictions.

FORAKER AND THE PRESIDENCY.

The decision of the United States Supreme court in the Insular cases, which is looked upon as an approval of Senator Foraker's plan of governing Porto Rico and the other colonies, is regarded as sure to increase the prestige of the senior senator from Ohio and may make him a formidable candidate for the Presidency in 1904.

Senator Foraker is one of the few really able men in the United States Senate, an uncompromising Republican and perhaps one of the most picturesque figures in national political life. Like President McKinley he was a soldier in the Civil war and can boast of a splendid war record. He has been for many years a famous national character and has been prominent in the political arena and conspicuous in the councils of his party for the past quarter of a century.

There are many coincidences in the careers of President McKinley and his possible successor. Both are Ohio born, both soldiers, both have been twice governor of the State that is facetiously dubbed as the "Presidential incubator," both have suffered defeat at the most critical period in their public lives—McKinley being defeated for Congress after the passage of his celebrated tariff bill, and Foraker failing in his first effort to occupy the Ohio gubernatorial chair, both have been conspicuous in many national conventions, and both have been pre-eminently successful in the attainment of distinguished honors at the hands of their fellow-citizens.

Senator Foraker is a presidential possibility and if he was not generally regarded as such prior to the Supreme court's decision supporting his Porto Rican plan of government he is now in political circles, and, in the language of a knowing politician of national repute, "The presidential aspirants for 1904 had better keep their eye on Joseph Benson Foraker, for he may decide to enter the race and if he does he will likely set a winning pace."

THE politicians should not lose heart, says the Des Moines "Leader," but remember that within a few weeks the commencement orators will assist in solving the complexities.

HE HAS EARNED THE REWARD AND SHOULD HAVE IT.

It is said that Senator Quay has dropped the hint that Representative Frank Harris, of Clearfield, is to be nominated as the Republican candidate for State Treasurer. As our information comes only from the press and as an item of political gossip we cannot, of course, vouch for the accuracy of the statement. We do not hesitate to say, however, that if the same motives actuate Quay in the selection of a Republican candidate for State Treasurer this year, as in years gone by—that is to name a man who can be relied upon to be blindly obedient to his orders and submissive to his will, we are convinced that there is every reason to believe that the rumor is founded upon truth, because in Frank Harris, of Clearfield, Quay will find a creature who possesses every qualification needful to insure a satisfactory service. He can be trusted to zealously guard the *secrets* of the State Treasury and administer its affairs with a single purpose, that of promoting the interests of the patron saint of political plunderers and his piratical machine.

Senator Quay can give no better proof of his claim that he is still in possession of his extraordinary political sagacity and wisdom than to command the nomination of the Honorable Frank Harris. Everybody conversant with men and things political knows that Frank Harris is in all respects equipped for exceptional machine service and in any position he may be selected to serve. If Quay does not know this then he must confess that he forgets at times to note special services rendered by his faithful serfs, for Harris, one of the herd, in the legislative session of 1897 violated his obligations to his constituents who commanded him as their representative to vote for Col. Ed. Irvin for United States Senator, and cast his vote from start to finish for M. S. Quay. By that act of perfidy alone he established his fitness for admission to the circle of the machine elect. He has time and again demonstrated to the people that he is made of the stuff that makes men whom Quay delights to honor. It is now appropriately the opportunity for Senator Quay to acknowledge the long and faithful service of his loyal friend from Clearfield county and say: You have served me well, never counting the cost. In appreciation of your esteemed support and assistance I will make you my custodian of my State Treasury department at Harrisburg. Thank me not. You have earned the reward and, moreover, I merely give you increased opportunities to serve me further.

IT IS ONE THING TO ASK BUT ANOTHER TO RECEIVE.

The claims presented to the United States for damages to "American citizens" incurred during the Cuban rebellion now amount to nearly fifty millions, reports a government authority, and the total is climbing higher every day. Most of the claims are said to be utterly preposterous. Nearly every Cuban who had naturalization papers has brought in a bill amounting usually to hundreds of thousands of dollars, which he expects the United States government to pay under the terms of the Spanish treaty.

The similarity of the claims from an indemnity standpoint would to the examiner of them indicate that Cuba was a country of palatial residences, equipped in the most luxurious manner, and that the fences, machinery and other articles destroyed were silver-mounted and gilt-edged. In some instances the claimants do not even take the trouble to itemize their losses, but ask large lump sums as a balm for wounded pride or personal suffering and incidentally as a compensation for loss of property.

The Claim Commission has been forced to promulgate a rule that the laws of evidence and procedure governing ordinary courts of justice be observed in every case, and that all claims must be submitted in detail, with competent testimony to establish each item.

Perhaps the claimants, with a knowledge of the boundless wealth of the United States and its reputation for generosity, prepared their claims on an elaborate scale with the hope that despite natural deductions their "damages" would be compensated by a substantial award. It would seem, however, that the Commission is "next to their game" and that all claims will be adjusted only upon indisputable evidence supporting the bill of losses from A to izzard.

WHAT IS BEST TO BE DONE McKINLEY WILL DO.

Jules Siegfried, the French statesman, at a luncheon given in his honor at Montreal the other day, said that President McKinley had told him in a recent interview that he was no longer an ultra protectionist. The United States had reached that period in its history when it became necessary to go out into the world and secure markets and the necessity for heavy protection had largely disappeared.

Charles A. Moore, president of the Montauk Club of Brooklyn, an ardent admirer and close personal friend of President McKinley, when asked concerning the accuracy of the statement made by Mr. Siegfried that President McKinley is no longer an ultra protectionist, said: "The President is just as ardent a believer in the theory and practice of protection to domestic industries as he ever was. But I do think it safe to announce that the time has come when the policy of this Administration will favor more positively than hitherto the negotiation of treaties of reciprocity, with the purpose of enlarging our foreign markets.

"But this question of reciprocity is a delicate one," continued Mr. Moore. "It must be approached with great care, and I wish to measure my words when speaking of it. The President honored me with many conversations upon the subject"—Mr. Moore and his wife and son were the only unofficial guests of the President on his recent transcontinental tour and these conversations referred to by Mr. Moore occurred during the trip—"and I am sure that he is ready to meet half-way offers by other nations to to remit duties on our exports when we can modify our duties upon what we import of their products. But it is the President's idea that reciprocity should be fair."

Our marvelous national development is due, we may say, entirely to the operation of a protective policy constructed upon the doctrines and principles of a protective tariff system of which President McKinley was the author and to which he has given the years of his public life in exhaustive study and investigation.

President McKinley has closely followed the trend of events occasioned by the application of his economic policy in the treatment of our commercial and industrial conditions and not a man in the country today is better qualified to direct the course of the government in regard to the extension of its commercial interests than he. If our protective policy requires modification in order to meet present or approaching conditions the President is cognizant of the situation and he is capable of suggesting a remedy that will be productive of continued beneficial results to American capital and labor. He has unquestionably proved his claim to the name given him by Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, "The Advance Agent of Prosperity," and he may be relied upon to uphold the incomparable record he has made.

BEFORE a burglar could tunnel into the money vaults of the new Philadelphia mint he would have to pierce a solid rock so full of veins of water that the smallest opening is immediately flooded. The gold vaults are of steel, seven inches thick, and the silver is protected by one inch of steel. Silver is kept in such bulky shape, however, that it could not be carried away except with drays. It would be easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a cracksman to force an entrance into Uncle Sam's treasure vaults.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, June 5th, 1901.

President McKinley is so seriously concerned over Mrs. McKinley's condition, she having done little, if any, more than hold her own since she got back to Washington, that he has canceled all of his June engagements, except that to visit Harvard University commencement June 26th, which is held in abeyance, he being very anxious to go there if Mrs. McKinley's health will permit. Her physicians are hopeful, but admit that Mrs. McKinley is still dangerously ill, and that her failure to gain strength more rapidly is alarming.

Director Merriam, of the Census Bureau, has been breaking records ever since the taking of the Census was started last year, and the final report on population, showing the aggregate population by states and territories density of population, centre of population in its medium point, population of Alaska and Hawaii, etc., the first half of which has just been issued, and the concluding half of which will be issued in the early fall, will be four years ahead of similar reports made in any previous census.

Attorney General Knox, at the request of the Spanish Claims Commission, has rendered on opinion that claims growing out of the loss of the battleship Maine, are properly claims of the U. S. against Spain, which means that they have no legal status, as the Treaty of Paris expressly stipulated that no claims of the U. S. against Spain on account of the war should be made. Such claims are still being filed, but it is probable that they had been prepared before the Attorney General had been heard from, and that the attorneys are filing them so as to be in a position to take advantage of the possibility of the opinion not being upheld by the Courts, although so far as known, no steps have been taken towards getting its legality passed upon.

One of the results of a published interview with the President of Venezuela, in which he reflected severely upon U. S. Minister Loomis, now in Europe on a vacation, for acts in which he was carrying out his instructions from Secretary Hay, is that President McKinley has decided that Mr. Loomis shall not return to Venezuela, but shall be given another diplomatic position of equal importance. The President of Venezuela will find no difference in the change, as the new Minister will be given precisely the same instructions that were given to Mr. Loomis. Meanwhile, Mr. W. W. Russell, who is in charge of the U. S. Legation at Caracas, has been instructed to inform the government of Venezuela, that this government endorses every official act of Minister Loomis.

Attorney General Knox is now engaged by direction of President McKinley, in preparing a comprehensive opinion on all the Supreme Court Insular Decisions, showing precisely how far they go and what effect they will have upon our insular relations. That opinion will be submitted to the President and Cabinet this week, and after its careful consideration, it will be decided and probably officially announced what, if any, changes will be made in any branch of those relations; the opinion will also be a determining factor in the question of whether an extra session of Congress will be called.

Secretary Root's letter, instructing General Wood to inform the members of the Cuban Constitutional Convention that this government did not approve of the additions made to the Platt amendment, before its acceptance by the Convention, was a long and carefully prepared document, in the preparation of which President McKinley assisted. It impressed upon General Wood that this government does not wish to offend the Cubans, but that they must accept the Platt amendment just as it passed Congress, if they wish American authority to be withdrawn from the island; that nothing short of that will be satisfactory to this government. The Platt Amendment is plain and the attempt to interpret several of its provisions, which the Cubans added, are obscure.

Perry Heath passed through Washington several days ago, and in the course of a conversation, said of his much talked of London interview, concerning the nomination of Senator Hanna for President: "That boom, if that term could be applied to my expression in London, was the merest incident or the outgrowth of a friendly conversation that could be possible. I had not thought of the expression a moment before it passed my lips, and I don't believe I thought of it again until I arrived in the U. S. I think the idea of being a Presidential nominee is about the furthest away from Senator Hanna's mind than any other subject in the world. In talking of his great strength of character and popularity, I only meant to convey the idea that he would make a magnificent candidate and a tip-top President. I expect that the first time I meet Senator Hanna, I will have to dodge a few brick bats, for I feel very certain that this subject is one, not only foreign to his ambitions, but disagreeable to him."

FORTY-THREE thousand three hundred and ninety-seven names have been added to the United States pension rolls since July 1, 1900. The Spanish war is responsible for 3,525. The total number of claims filed for account of this war has reached 43,874.

TO THE WOMEN OF THE UNITED STATES.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some kind of female disease, and yet unable to find any cure, Dr. Hartman, the renowned gynecologist, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as may make application to him during the summer months without charge.

The treatment will be conducted by correspondence. The doctor will prescribe all medicines, applications, hygienic and dietary regulations necessary to complete a cure. The medicines prescribed can be obtained at all drug stores. This offer will hold good only during the summer months. Any woman can become a regular patient by sending a written statement of her age, condition of life, history and symptoms of her derangements.

All cases of female diseases, including menstrual irregularities, displacements, ulcerations, inflammations, discharges, irritation of the ovaries, tumors and dropsy of the abdomen, should apply at once and become registered as regular patients. All correspondence will be held strictly confidential. No testimonials of cures will be given to the public except by the express wish of the patient.

As is well known, Dr. Hartman is the President of the Hartman Sanitarium, an institution which has a department devoted exclusively to the treatment of female diseases. He is thus brought to see thousands of such cases every year, the most of whom return to their homes to be treated by correspondence. The principal remedy he relies upon in such cases is Peruna, which every woman should have, who has any affection of this kind. Those wishing to become patients should address DR. S. B. HARTMAN, COLUMBUS OHIO.

No one knows better than Dr. Hartman how much the women suffer with diseases peculiar to their sex. No one knows better than he does how many of them suffer with such diseases. Patiently, hopefully, wearily, and often silently, they eke out a miserable existence year after year.

A woman confined to the house several years with a chronic female derangement had finally given up all hope of being cured. She had tried physician after physician, and remedy after remedy, without any permanent improvement. Her treatment had cost her husband, who was a poor man, hundreds of dollars. They had been obliged to deny themselves many comforts of life in order to get money enough to pay the physicians.

Picking up the paper one day she happened to read an item which contained the news that Dr. Hartman would treat such cases free of charge by letter. She immediately wrote the doctor, describing her case, and giving him all her symptoms. She soon received a letter telling her exactly what to do and what medicines and appliances to get. She began the treatment (the principal remedy being Peruna) at once, and in a few weeks was well and strong again and able to do her own work.

Another woman who used Peruna without becoming one of Dr. Hartman's regular patients had the following experience. Miss Ida Green writes from Baldwinville, Ga.: "Peruna is wonderful and good, and a certain cure for female weakness. I have been ill and have been taking doctor's medicine for several years, and found that none did me any good.

"Every day it was a worry. I was always sick. I had come to the conclusion to give up, and not use any more medicine. I was sick indeed for the past two years. Just before I began to take Peruna I was very weak, besides I was bilious and constipated.

"I had pains in my back and side and falling of the womb, with bearing down pains.

"One day while reading my newspaper, I came across an ad., read of the book for women entitled, "Health and Beauty," and sent for it. Then I began to use the medicine. After using several bottles I am now thoroughly cured."

Send for free book, entitled, "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

B. A. C., Defeats the Hecla Athletic Club at Base Ball

On Saturday, June 1st, the Bellefonte Athletic club journeyed to Hecla to play an aggregation of ball tossers from Mackeyville, Clintondale, Rebersburg and Hecla, running under the name of the Hecla Athletic association. The game was a very interesting one from start to finish, with plenty of star players and excellent batting. Otto who pitched for the B. A. C., was in excellent form striking out 12 men. Taylor carried off the batting honors, and Dramond fielded in fine style, while Hoy did the fine base running stealing 8 bases during the game. The game ended in a victory for the B. A. C., by the score of 14-4.

The score.

B. A. C.	H.	R.	O	A.	E
Keichline ss	1	1	0	2	2
Otto p	3	3	2	12	0
Taylor 3rd b	2	2	1	0	0
Hoy 2nd b	1	2	3	2	0
Twitmire 1st b	1	0	6	1	0
Dramond c	1	0	13	2	0
Lingle lf	2	3	0	0	0
Valentine c f	1	1	2	0	1
McCoy r f	0	0	0	0	0
Crider r f	2	2	0	0	0
Total	14	14	27	19	3

H. A. A.	H.	R.	O.	A.	E
Zimmerman 1st b	2	1	5	0	1
Alters c f	0	1	3	0	1
Smull 2nd b	1	0	4	1	1
H. Workman c	1	0	8	0	0
Crayse p	1	0	1	8	0
Herman l f	0	1	1	0	2
Harnish r f	0	0	2	0	0
W. Workman ss	0	0	1	0	1
McMullen 3rd b	2	1	2	3	1
Total	7	4	27	12	7

B. A. C.	1	3	0	0	1	2	6	1	0	—14
H. A. A.	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4

The Storms and Signs.

Coles for June predicts as follows:

Nearly all the planets are bunched together on one side of the heaven and in position to cause the weather to play many new tricks. Every precaution should be taken to guard against the death-dealing electric fluid that is formed in the clouds and is poured down upon us.

The earth will pass between the great planet Jupiter and the sun this month and cause unusual disturbances, resulting in earthquake shocks, cyclones, tornadoes, thunder storms and miniature blizzards. Great men and rulers will be in danger of bodily harm, and the deadly influence of the eclipse shadow will be plainly observable all along the line.

The greatest danger from storm periods this month will be between the 3rd and 7th, 9th and 13th, 14th and 18th, 20th and 27th. We have reasons to believe that several new forms of microbes will put in their appearance this month in some localities and make an attack upon vegetation.

Vegetable microbes are getting a strong hold upon all kinds of vegetation and unless men of means contribute more liberally in the future to the advance of science, America will soon become a microbe morgue for dead vegetation. The "tent caterpillar" will do untold damage unless immediate action is taken to destroy them.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company has approved the application for a parlor car on the Tyrone and Clearfield, and Bald Eagle Valley divisions between Curwensville and Lock Haven. The coach will be attached to the routes just as soon as the Pullman company can furnish the cars.

Interesting Exercises in the Primary Department of the Public Schools.

Interesting closing exercises were held in the primary room of the public school at the stone building on Allegheny street, Wednesday morning. The teachers are Misses Fannie Elmore, Millie Smith and Bessie Dorworth. The program was as follows:

Schools assemble.
Psalm 121.
Prayer.
Morning Hymn.
Welcome Song.
Address of Welcome—Raymond Jenkins.
"The Violets"—Class of girls.
"Columbus"—Class of boys.
"Whistling Song"—School.
Recitation—Stella Rightnour.
Flag exercise—Class of girls.
Recitation—Paul Rumberger.
Song, "Boy Blue"—School.
Dialogue—"Sick Doll."
Wild Flowers' Sermon—Class.
Song, "The Band"—School.
Recitation—William Harding.
May Day Party—Class.
Song, "The Brown Bird,"—School.
"The Owl's Reception"—Class.
Recitation—Fearon Robb.
Song, "The Daisies"—School.
Flag march—Class of boys.
Song, "The Blue Bird"—School.
Recitation—Doyle Eberhart.
The Sailors—Class of boys
"Who stole robin's eggs?"—Class.
Dolls' Fair—Class of girls.
Recitation—Harris Olewine.
Ruler drill—Class of girls.
Song, "The merry children"—School.

Unlawful and Illegitimate Business.

In opening the National Convention of the American Ticket Brokers' Association, which has just been held at St. Louis, the President said that "He had no complaint to make against the railroads so long as they attended to their own business and allowed the brokers to attend to theirs." The same would be true of any other unlawful and illegitimate business. All the promoters of such affairs want is to be "let alone." The fact that they do not propose to treat the business of other people on the same basis does not occur to them. The footpad would have no complaint if they would only let him alone and allow him to carry on his business uninterruptedly. The cheek of these ticket-scalping gentry is refreshing. Although sat down upon by the legislatures and the courts they continue to bob up with charming frequency and a display of innocence which is at least good evidence of their persistency. It is apparent, however, that the days of the scalpers are numbered, and a few more instances such as have recently taken place in New York and Pennsylvania will end their career.—Railway and Engineering Review.

—The thirty-fifth annual encampment of the State Department of the Grand Army of the Republic began in Gettysburg Tuesday.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

Butte City Still Sliding.

The strange slide movement of the city of Butte, Mont., which has been noticeable at intervals for several years, has again manifested itself by 5 large cracks in the earth in different sections of the city. The largest crevice occurred on West Galena street, where a crack 12 inches wide and of considerable length and depth has appeared. Three of the openings occurred on the west side of the town and two on the east side. There is no caving, but a distinct moving of the earth and the granite walls can easily be seen in them. The gas and water companies have much trouble from the strange movement, which frequently breaks their underground pipes. City engineer Rickenbach says the engineering department of the city undergoes the same trouble, as elevations and bench marks in certain parts of the city are constantly changing. This is particularly true of the section west of Main street and north of Broadway, where the marks have been known to shift to the extent of a foot in a very short time. What is causing the strange phenomenon is not known, but its continuance is beginning to cause some alarm among the citizens of Butte.

Wedding Near Morrisdale.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, near Morrisdale, was the scene on Saturday evening of a very pretty wedding, the occasion being the marriage of their daughter, Miss Bessie, to Clinton Thomas, who for several years has been in the employ of W. T. Senser, near Philipsburg. About sixty invited guests were present to witness the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. G. L. Graham, of Philipsburg. A very elaborate supper was served, and the occasion was in every respect a happy one. The happy couple are splendid young people, and will have the best wishes of many friends for a blissful wedded life.

ONLY ONE?

They Have a Unique Record in Bellefonte as Well as Elsewhere.

The reader can only find one remedy that first gives local proof of its merits and second demonstrates beyond doubt that when it cures the work is permanent. Read this:

Mr. Geo. Gross of Water street, says: "In the summer of 1896 I used Doan's Kidney Pills for backache, procuring them from the Bush block drug store. Accompanying the pains in my back was an annoyance from the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after I had been troubled for years. I thought I was going to have backache again, but two years afterwards I went fishing, got soaked through and this ended in affecting my back, I again resorted to my old cure, Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me good immediately, although in the meantime I had taken other remedies but without obtaining relief. I can as conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills now as I did formerly for backache or kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Ministerial Association Express Their Regret at the Departure of Rev. Thos. Levan Bickle.

We, the undersigned committee, appointed to make expression for the Ministerial Association of Bellefonte, Pa., relative to the removal of the Rev. Thos. L. Bickle pastor of the Reformed church of our city to another field of labor, beg to express our regrets over said removal.

We deem it a fitting expression of our feelings to declare that we shall miss him from our associations and community. He has endeared himself to his ministerial brethren by his affability and sterling character.

While we deeply sympathize with the local Reformed church in their loss of so valuable a minister of Jesus Christ, we congratulate the St. John's church of Philadelphia upon their reception of a pastor of such high scholarly, christian manliness and ministerial ability.

We warmly commend him to the Ministerial Association of Philadelphia.

H. C. HOLLOWAY, }
WILFORD P. SHRINER, } Com.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

Robert C. Herman, of Lemont, and Keturah E. Stump, of Centre Hall.

John W. Reifenyder, and Mary E. Funk, both of Millheim.

Frederick Kryder Frank, and Eva V. Yeitle, both of Penn Hall.

Allen C. McCloskey, of Beech Creek, and Effie S. Packer, of Romola.

Edwin M. Brungart, and Winifred S. Wolfe, both of Reberaburg.

Thomas B. McClellan, of Bellefonte, and Mary Morrison, of Unionville.

Jacob Royer, of Colyer, and Sallie Bohn, of Boalsburg.

James J. Thomas, and Eva Hibbert, both of Philipsburg.

Blind Man Recovers Sight.

OIL CITY, Pa., June 4.—Born blind, with congenital cataract of both eyes, William Copeland, Monday had his sight restored to him at the hospital here.

When 15, an operation had been performed upon one of his eyes, which was a failure, the eye being totally destroyed. Recently he was induced to come to Oil City and have the other eye operated upon. At that time one standing between him and a strong light and waving his arms could be detected by the patient but that was the limit of his vision.

After the operation was over he could see the eye-glasses worn by the operating surgeon, noted that he wore whiskers and gazing around exclaimed to the nurse, "You are the prettiest woman I ever saw."

A Singular Accident.

BEECH CREEK, June 5.—A very peculiar accident occurred Sunday morning on the Beech Creek division of the N. Y. C. railroad at Hayes. One of the freight engines wrecked at Munson Saturday was being brought down in the middle of a freight train. When rounding the sharp curve near the telegraph office, one of the driving wheels flew off the axle and went rolling down the embankment. It ran for considerable distance before its momentum was exhausted. The engine was not affected by the loss of the wheel and was taken on to the shops at Jersey Shore. The driving rod had been disconnected and taken off the one side of the engine which made it possible for the wheel to work loose and escape from its seven companions.

No Immediate Fear About Mrs. McKinley.

Washington, June 4.—A bulletin issued at the White House yesterday, said: "Drs. Rixby, Sternberg and Johnston were joined by Dr. Oslee, of Baltimore, in consultation at 10 a. m. They report that Mrs. McKinley's condition is as favorable as could be expected. There is no immediate apprehension, and slow improvement is looked for."

After a consultation the physicians declined to say anything concerning the patient's condition excepting what was contained in the bulletin.

Cattle Killed By a Train.

BEECH CREEK, June 5.—A freight train coming east on the N. Y. C. recently ran into a drove of six cattle at a point near the "Hog Back" tunnel, killing them all. Five of them belonged to Irvin Clark and one to David Robb. As they were killed in Centre county, the railroad authorities will settle for the amount of damage. There is a special act of the legislature passed some years ago which makes the railroad companies pay for all cattle killed by the cars in that county.

THE Kansas farmers should advertise in the "Commoner" for men to help harvest their abundant crops. Of course, the Commoner's" subscribers are seeking in vain for jobs.

—The new middle district United States district court will convene in Williamsport June 10, with Judge Archibald, presiding.

—Rev. E. W. Parker, missionary bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church for Southern Asia is dead.

STRAWBERRY festivals are the popular form of church entertainments at present.

JOHN F. WILSON.

Prominent Citizen of Tyrone Dies Suddenly.

John F. Wilson, one of Tyrone's prominent business men and widest known citizens died Monday evening at 5 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Acklin at Tyrone. He was taken ill Sunday evening. He had been to church and when on his way home dropped into the Acklin home to make a call. About 10 o'clock he was suddenly taken ill with a severe pain in his side. Everything possible was done for him but to no purpose and he finally passed away at the above stated time. Death was due to acute indigestion culminating in abdominal neuralgia.

From the Tyrone Herald we glean the following particulars of his life:

John Foster Wilson was a son of Peter and Elizabeth (Van Valzah) Wilson, and was born at Spring Mills, Centre county, Dec. 6, 1845, and was aged 55 years, 5mo. and 27 days. Peter Wilson was a native of Union county. In early life he settled at Spring Mills where he owned and operated a large tannery until his death in March, 1886; his widow died Sept. 20, of the same year. John F. Wilson received his education at the public schools of his native village, at Tuscarora academy, and at Wilson Seminary, of Massachusetts. He came to Tyrone and engaged in the mercantile business in the Sneeringer block on Pennsylvania avenue, with J. F. VanValzah in 1872, under the firm name of VanValzah & Wilson. Mr. VanValzah died 19 years later, and Hon. S. B. Isenberg became associated with Mr. Wilson in the business, which firm was afterward dissolved and Mr. Wilson engaged in the grocery business in the Smith building on West Tenth street, where he continued until the present. In business he was always quite active and energetic, and with customers and all with whom he came in contact was affable and most courteous.

On Sept. 5, 1872, John F. Wilson and Miss Mary E. Markley, of Columbia, Lancaster county, were married. To the union were born 3 sons, viz: Dr. John VanValzah Wilson, of Philadelphia; Thadeus Markley Wilson and Robert Bailey Wilson, of Tyrone, all of whom survive their father. Mrs. Wilson also survives her husband. Mr. Wilson was one of a family of 3 boys and 5 girls, all of whom are now dead.

The funeral will occur this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Services at the First Presbyterian church. Interment at Tyrone cemetery.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

Elizabeth Musser's executors to Jas. C. Reed, May 12, 1891, tract of land in Harris twp. Consideration $475.

Harry C. Rothrock et ux to James C. Reed, March 29, 1901, 36 acres 39 perches in Harris twp. Consideration $2,000.

Commissioners of Centre county to John Rupp, May 4, 1892, 20 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $9.

Bruce Hughes et al to Marie L. Wigton April 25, 1901, house and lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $1,500.

Wm. J. Thompson's executors to E. M. Huyett, Feb. 18, 1901, 3 tracts in Potter twp. Consideration $2.000.

Wm. Boal to E. M. Huyett, April 2, 1900, 100 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $200.

Daniel Fleisher et ux to Wm. Boal, June 11, 1873, 100 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $500.

Wm. Colyer et ux to E. M. Huyett. April 27, 1900, 3 tracts of land in Potter twp. Consideration $250.

Wm. M. Grove et ux to E. M. Huyett, Aug. 21, 1900, 24 perches in Potter twp. Consideration $50.

Conrad Immel et ux to Solomon Lingle, April 16, 1892, 93 acres 79 perches in Penn twp. Consideration $500.

Chrisa Ann Bachelers admr. to John Todd, March 26, 1900, 2 lots in Philipsburg. Consideration $3,200.

Aaron P. Zerby et ux to Mabel S. Lingle, Jan. 24, 1900, 4 acres 120 perches in Penn twp. Consideration $82.80.

John D. Miller et ux to W. H. Hoy, April 1, 1901, 93 acres 9 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $4,100.

Cyrus Brungart sheriff, to R. P. Confer April 30, 1900, tract of land in Howard twp. Con. $30.

Jacob H. Stover et ux to I. M. Orndorf, March 11, 1901, 21 acres in Haines twp. Consideration $600.

Jos. L. Runkle et al to H. H. Harshberger, Dec. 24, 1900, lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $1961.09.

Wm. Anderson to Howard R. Deacon, May 21, 1901, 400 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $2.

T. H. Murray, attorney in fact, to Eliza Bowers, March 15, 1901, lot in North Philipsburg. Consideration $100.

Bellefonte Cemetery Association to Jos. W. Undercoffer, May 23, 1901. Lot in Bellefonte. Con. $40.

A. E. Strayer et ux to Scott G. Stover, March 30, 1901, house and lot in Miles twp. Consideration $762.

June, June, wonderful June
Of life at its fullest, of life at its noon—
Perfume and wine of you,
Shimmer and shine of you,
Who could repine of you,
Blossomful June?
Oh! the sweet night of you—
I'm in affright of you,
With the delight of you,
Magical June!

The Moon and Its Snow.

From the Philadelphia North American.

Professor Charles Doolittle, instructor in astronomy at the University of Pennsylvania, and head of the Flower astronomical observatory, says there are no new features in the lunar discoveries announced by Professor W. H. Pickering, of Harvard. The latter, after an investigation in Jamaica, declares that the moon has an atmosphere, though one of great alternation, and that the surface is partially covered with snow.

"I have carefully followed Professor Pickering's description of this moon question," Professor Doolittle said yesterday, "and I fail to see what new features he has brought out. It has been the accepted theory of astronomers for years that the valleys and crevices of the moon's surface are covered with ice or ice-covered rocks.

"The various temperatures of the moon's atmosphere is recorded from two to three and four hundred degrees below zero, or the absolute temperature of space. I think it takes no great amount of reasoning to say that under such conditions anything freezable is certainly frozen solid.

"We must take for granted that even in such a climate there will be some water vapor, due to the action of the sun's rays, and this, congealed, would make a frost or snow.

"We know that the moon has some atmosphere. It is recorded by different authorities at from one-four-hundredth, to one-five-hundredth to one-nineteen-hundredth that of the earth's density. Such a density would be insufficient to carry vapor clouds, from which snow might be formed."

A Funeral Trolley Car.

Baltimore has a number of fine suburban cemeteries, all of which are reached by some division of the street railway lines, and the company found by putting in a few crossovers they could take a car from any part of the city to any one of the burying grounds. It was therefore decided to offer cars for the transportation of funeral parties, says the Street Railway Review. The company built a special car well adapted for the purpose. The car is divided into two compartments, the smaller of which has running its full length another compartment or vault in which the casket is carried. A heavy plate glass door hinged to swing downward gives access to the vault from the outside. When a casket is to be placed in the car, the shelf is drawn out, the casket is placed upon it, and the shelf is then pushed back in place. The larger compartment has twelve cross seats in the centre aisle, giving a seating capacity of twenty-four; the smaller compartment has four seats. Heavy black curtains divide this section into two private compartments for the immediate family of the deceased. Floral contributions are piled upon the top of the vault, and can be seen from the street. The car is finished inside and out with black enamel with nickel-plated fixtures. The car has been named "Dolores," meaning sorrow, and it is rented at from $20 to $25 for for each interment.

Fierce Fight Among Troops at Tien Tsin.

TIENTSIN, June 4.—The Welsh fusiliers while acting as police yesterday, tried to interfere with the French soldiers engaged in looting. The French repelled them with bayonets, whereupon the British fired into the air. The Germans joined the French, and a fierce fight followed. One French soldier was killed, three wounded; five Germans, four Britishers and one Japanese were wounded. A German officer with a strong guard finally stopped the affray.

"MORE men die from ease seeking and selfish indulgence than from overwork," is the opinion of a writer who has given the question a thorough study and investigation.

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AFTER THE BATTLE.

A VETERAN'S STORY OF A TASSELED TURKISH FEZ.

The Grewsome Incident In Which He Participated at the Second Battle of Manassas—A Brave Boy and His Dying Request.

"Whenever I see a tasseled Turkish fez," said a Confederate veteran whose attention had been attracted by a smoking cap of that pattern in a Canal street window, "I am reminded of a curious and rather grewsome incident of my campaigning days. It was on the morning after the second battle of Manassas," he continued in response to a request for the story, "and several of us from my company had gone over to the field in the hope of picking up a few things that we badly needed and for which the dead had no further use—waterproofs, for instance, and sound canteens.

"During the previous day's engagement you may remember that a regiment of freshly recruited New York zouaves held the crest of a hill and were charged and almost annihilated by Hood's brigade. They were mowed down like ripened grain and fell so thickly that their corpses literally carpeted the earth. I dare say it was as awful a slaughter, considering the number engaged, as occurred anywhere in the course of the war.

"Well, we hadn't gone very far when we came to this hill and began to get among the dead men. The poor fellows had been mustered into service less than a week before, and they were said to be the most gorgeously uniformed military troop ever organized. They wore scarlet Turkish trousers, blue jackets embroidered with gold bullion braid and purple fezes with long pendent tassels.

"Being just from the outfitters, all this fine regalia was perfectly fresh and new, and somehow or other it added to the ghastliness of the spectacle on the hillside. The corpses were in all sorts of strange postures, and their fantastic costumes gave them an air of horrible grotesqueness that I couldn't begin to describe in words.

"However, to come to my point, I had picked up a fez to carry away as a relic and was about to leave the spot when I happened to notice a much handsomer specimen on the head of a little zouave stretched out, stiff and stark, a few yards away, with a handkerchief over his face. I stepped up to make a 'swap,' but had barely touched the tassel when a low, sweet toned voice under the handkerchief said, 'Please don't!'

"For a moment," continued the veteran, "that unpleasant protest, coming from what I had supposed to be a corpse, made my hair bristle on my head. Then I lifted the handkerchief and was shocked to see the delicate, refined features of a boy not over 15. He was pale as death and evidently desperately wounded, but he looked at me calmly. 'My God,' I exclaimed, 'what a lad you are to be here!' 'I'm afraid I'm dying unless I have help,' he replied. 'Do you think the surgeons will be around pretty soon?' 'The Lord knows!' I groaned, for the boy's courage touched me to the heart. 'Your surgeons have all run away, and we only have a few, with more wounded than they can attend to.' 'Then I guess all I can do is to lie here quietly and die,' he said in the same gentle voice. 'Can you get me a little water before you go?'

"I took his canteen and hurried down to a branch at the foot of the hill, where the first thing I saw, by the way, was the corpse of a zouave floating in a pool. I went up the stream far enough to get out of the horrible death zone, filled the canteen with pure water and was soon back at the boy's side. I gave him a drink, and he thanked me. 'Is there nothing else I can do?' I asked awkwardly, because I knew our company was under early marching orders that morning and that it would be impossible for me to linger much longer. 'Nothing at all, thank you,' he replied. 'No message to anybody?' 'No; nothing, thanks.'

"I turned away most reluctantly and had gone only a few yards when I heard his thin voice calling me back. 'Excuse me,' he said, 'but I want you to accept this as a present,' and he handed me his fine purple fez. 'No, no,' I exclaimed, greatly embarrassed; 'I couldn't think of taking it. When I started to a little while ago, I thought you—you'— 'Thought I was dead, of course,' he interrupted. 'Well, I soon will be, and that other fez will do me just as well. Please put it on my head and take mine.' I saw that he would be hurt unless I did as he desired, so I took the fez and went away.

"In less than half an hour our company was on the march, and, needless to say, I never heard anything more of the little child zouave. He was badly wounded and undoubtedly died where I left him. I kept the fez a long time," added the veteran, "but it was finally lost, with other odds and ends, in the general confusion following the war. I'd give some money for it today."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Good Effects of Apple Eating.

The apple is such common fruit that few are familiar with its remarkable efficacious properties. Everybody ought to know that the very best thing they can do is to eat apples just before retiring for the night. The apple is an excellent brain food, because it has more phosphoric acid in easily digested shape than any other vegetable known. It excites the action of the liver, promotes sound and healthy sleep and thoroughly disinfects the mouth. That is not all. The apple agglutinates the surplus acids of the stomach, helps the kidney secretions and is one of the best preventives known of diseases of the throat.—Journal of Agriculture.

JOHN ADAMS' WIFE.

A Letter From Abigail Adams—The Vice President's Function.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6, 1797.

Dear Sir—I received your letter of Nov. 24 by the post of yesterday. With respect to the notes you write me about, I wish you to do by them as you would by your own, as I do not want at present either principle or interest. I think it would be most for my interest to do by them as you propose. The method you mention, of adding to the outhouse so as to give me a dairy room, I like very much and would leave it to your judgment. I think it would be best to have it large enough to take of a closet that cold victuals, etc., may not be mixt in with dairy affairs. I should be glad to have it compleated if possible before I return in the spring, but the winter has set in with great violence here, and the rivers are already frozen up, so that I fear we shall not have a chance of getting any cheese here.

Congress are but just getting into business, and the vice president is not yet arrived to sit six months together. Regulating debates, moderating warmth and reading papers is a laborious task and what, I fancy, the present V. P. does not like so well as rocking in his pivot chair or amusing himself with the vibration of a pendilum. I have never yet seen the southern man, Washington excepted, who could bear close application for any length of time. What a ringing would here have been in all the Jacobinical prayers from one end of the United States to the other if somebody else had done so!

We are all well. The cold weather has entirely put a stop to the yellow fever, and no person would now suppose that such a calamity had ever befallen the city. The synod recommended a day of fasting and prayer. The difference between this place and N. England was this: Being recommended by a body of Presbeterian ministers, none of the church clergy would join in it. Every shop in the city was open as usual, and a very small proportion of the inhabitants attended worship. Business and pleasure went on as usual.

Remember me to Mrs. Tufts and all other friends. From your ever affectionate ABIGAIL ADAMS.

THE BRITISH TOURIST.

He Was Pleasantly Surprised by the Train Boy's Attentions.

The British tourist sat in the car and gazed idly across the bleak prairies. He felt a slight touch and, looking around, found that a uniformed youth had deposited several ruddy oranges on the seat.

"He didn't wait for the money," remarked the tourist, gazing from the fruit to the rapidly retreating train boy.

"He never does," said the fellow passenger, with a knowing smile.

"Oh, I see! It is one of the advantages of your great railroad system. Free fruit for its patrons."

The British tourist was just peeling the second orange when a dainty package of chocolate confectionery was deposited on his knee.

"By Jove," he exclaimed enthusiastically, "this is delightful! When I return home, I shall write a paper on the excellence of American travel."

In less than ten minutes he was the recipient of another package. It was a little box containing a black cigar and two matches.

"No wonder you Americans like to travel," he said, biting the bitter end of the cigar. Then he found that a comic publication had found its way to his seat.

"This is great!" he grinned. "I am going to tip the boy. Wait a moment."

The train boy halted, and the tourist held out a dime.

"What is that for?" asked the boy.

"For yourself."

"You owe me a half, mister."

"Owe? I thought you were giving these things away?"

"Not today. The half, please."

"But why don't you take the money when you leave the stuff?"

"Because we'd never sell it."

The tourist reluctantly handed over the coin.

"Going to write about the excellence of American travel?" asked the fellow passenger.

"Not I," responded the British tourist. "I am going home and tell the nation about the train robberies over here!"—Exchange.

Vitality of Hebrews.

If the future population of the earth is to be estimated on the basis of race vitality, then there is no question but that the Hebrews will yet be in the majority. Statistics show that the average longevity of the Hebrew race is greater than that of any other. Their numbers must therefore be increasing relatively to every race, and they certainly are. Whether it is due to the sanitary measures enjoined by their religion or because of native vitality is for students of sociology to decide, but the fact still remains. Yet numbers are not always to control the destiny of the race, and it is to be supposed that fraternity and good sense are slowly wiping out race distinctions.—Boston Globe.

A Humble Apology.

"We feel that an apology is due," explains the editor of the Spiketown Blizzard, "to the estimable young woman who teaches at the schoolhouse in District No. 5. Through the wretched blunder of a worthless tramp printer whom we trusted with the setting up of an item just as we were closing the forms for our last week's edition we were made to say that 'Miss Ruby McConnell, the handsome and popular teacher in Riggs neighborhood, is the proud possessor of an elegant new black beard.' We wrote it 'blackboard.'"—Chicago Tribune.

TIRED OF THE TRIP.

SO HE GOT OUT OF THE BALLOON BY THE JUMP ROUTE.

And Then When He Told the Englishmen He Met What He Had Done They Considerately Carried Him Off to an Insane Asylum.

"I went up in a balloon once, and I never want to make such a trip again," said Colonel A. Noel Blakeman. "My experience as an aeronaut was in London," he continued, "and it would never have occurred but for a friend I chanced to meet there. He was going to make an ascent, and he persuaded me to accompany him.

"The balloon was a feature of some big exhibition, and every day it was inflated and made an ascent, with four or five passengers, in charge of an experienced aeronaut. There were about five in the party the day I took the trip. We got into the basket, which was boxed in quite high, then let the rope go, and we shot up about 3,000 feet. It was interesting to look down on the world and hear the noises of London streets coming from so far below. The balloon sailed along smoothly, and we drifted for about eight miles.

"It was when we tried to descend that the trouble began. The method was to throw out anchors as the balloon settled toward the earth. The aeronaut said that when one of these anchors caught firmly he would haul the balloon down to the tree in which the anchor was expected to become fastened. This would be done by winding in the rope on a winch in the car. We would be expected to climb out of the balloon into the tree, he said, and he would then take hold of the valve rope and, standing a safe distance away, open the valve, let the gas escape, and the big affair would collapse and sink. He informed us that we must get clear of the sinking folds, as they would come down fast, and if they caught and covered us we would be in an atmosphere of most poisonous gas.

"All this was very interesting, but we did not seem to be making very much progress toward the point where we would have to look out for the descending folds of the collapsing balloon. The anchors caught in a whole lot of trees, but they did not hold. One would get tangled in a tree, and then the balloon would sway far over, tilting the basket in which we were until it seemed that we would be spilled out. Then the anchor would break loose, and we would shoot up again.

"I became very tired of this and told the aeronaut that I thought it was time to bring the voyage to a conclusion. He told me if I did not like it I could jump out. At first I thought he was simply resentful of my remark, but he said he meant what he said.

"'When the car tilts over again, you climb out on the edge,' he said, 'and let go. It will probably be a plowed field underneath us, and you won't get hurt.'

"Well, I did as he suggested. When the anchor caught again, I climbed out and hung to the edge of the car. When I saw that the car was as low as it was likely to get, I let go. I dropped about 12 feet, and, as he expected, a plowed field was below us.

"As soon as I dropped out the balloon, relieved of my weight, shot up in the air again and soared off. I walked to the nearest road and continued along it until I came to an inn.

"I asked the landlord how far it was to London, and he told me it was eight miles. I ordered a carriage to take me there, and while I was waiting the landlord asked me where I had come from.

"I took him to the door of the inn, and, pointing to the balloon, which was then sailing along about a quarter of a mile above the ground, I said, 'I jumped out of that.'

"The man looked at me in alarmed fashion, and after I had returned to the sitting room I noticed that several people peered through the window at me.

"Finally my four wheeler was ready, and I set off for London. After we had driven along for half an hour or so the coachman suddenly turned the horse in through a gate, and we drove into a big courtyard. I yelled to him and asked him what he meant, that I wanted to go straight to London, but he paid no attention and slowly circled the court. When he stopped on the other side, a man wearing glasses stuck his head in the carriage, scrutinizing me closely, pulled back, said something to the coachman, and we drove on to London.

"Finally we reached my lodgings, and when we did so the coachman jumped off the box, ran up the steps and as soon as his knock was answered asked if Mr. Blakeman lived there. The maid was just answering that I did when I reached the top of the steps and collared the fellow.

"'What was that place you drove me into on our way to London?' I asked him.

"'It was a hinsane hasylum, sir,' he replied. 'When you said you had jumped out o' that balloon, we thought you was crazy and maybe you was a escaped patient from the hasylum.'"—Washington Post.

Realized His Own Madness.

"Now you are tired of me and abuse me," sobbed the young wife whose husband refused to hire another maid to take care of her pet dog. "Yet," she continued, "not two years ago you were just crazy to marry me."

"Yes," answered the complacent man brute; "my friends told me so at the time, but I didn't realize it until after we were married."—Kansas City Star.

It is said that some early Chinese coins were made in the form of keys, probably because money unlocks the heart of the high official.—Atlanta News.

WITHOUT TURNING A HAIR.

A Londoner Calmly Returned Money Given to Him by Mistake.

A gentleman of my acquaintance had a curious experience of manners and customs of modern England a few nights ago at the theater. He had taken four stalls, but at the last moment found two of his party unable to come. On his arrival at the theater he left the two spare tickets at the box office, the clerk promising to sell them if he could and send the cash to him when they were sold. He took his place and soon afterward was gratified to see his two surplus seats occupied. The individuals who took them were attired in evening dress and bore the outward semblance of gentlemen. My friend began to look out for the money which was to come from the box office. Presently a concessionnaire entered, passed down the row of seats and addressed one of the two newcomers. My friend noticed that the commissionnaire passed something to one of the gentlemen, who put it into his pocket without a word.

A sense of uneasiness stole over my friend with regard to the 15 shillings that was due to him, and as the evening was getting on he thought he would go and make an inquiry at the box office. His suspicions were verified. The clerk had sent in the money by a commissionnaire. The commissionnaire was called from the door and on seeing my friend at once realized that he had given the money to the wrong man. He promptly went back to the theater, my friend following to see the fun. The commissionnaire went straight to the party to whom he had handed the money and said, "'Ere, you've got 15 shillings that don't belong to you." The other replied in an unconcerned way, "Oh, yes!" took the money out of his pocket and returned it to the commissionnaire. "He showed no trace of embarrassment," says my friend. "He handed back the money, as he had pocketed it, without turning a hair."

I always like to think the best of people, and possibly this individual, being a stranger to music halls, was under the impression that it is the practice of the proprietors of such establishments to send a commissionnaire around from time to time to distribute cash bonuses among the audience.—London Truth.

PECULIAR NAMES.

The Queer Way Ten Million Children Were Designated.

"In a long experience in the treasury department I have come across a very large number of names, many of which are rather peculiar," explained an old official, "but I think the list of names in connection with the subscription to the 3 per cent bonds surpasses anything in the way of peculiarity that I have ever observed. Of these the one that struck me most was a man who signed himself Ten Million and who resides out in Oregon. We thought the name was an imaginative one and wrote the man that it was desired that the bonds should be registered in real names only and that no further attention would be paid to his subscription until he was heard from. He replied that his name was Ten Million. His letter was written on the printed letterhead of the firm of Million & Million, two brothers.

"Then followed an explanation that his father and mother were unable to select names for their children that were mutually satisfactory and that as a result, though they had had ten children, none of them was ever christened formally. The first child was a girl, and she was known only as One Million. The second child, also a girl, was known as Two Million. Thus they ran along until Ten Million was reached, and he was the writer of the letter, the other member of the firm being a brother whose only name, as far as the family was concerned, was Seven Million, the seventh child. He added that One Million had afterward called herself Una Million, that the third girl was known after she had grown up as Trio Million. The others had taken on additions to their names, and he had adopted the name of Tenis Million, but his real name was Ten Million and nothing else. The bonds were issued to him and on the books of the department were registered in the name of Ten Million."—Washington Star.

When Matches Were Introduced.

The Atlas, a London newspaper, published on Jan. 10, 1830, the following paragraph under the head of "Instantaneous Light: "Among the different methods invented for obtaining light instantaneously ought certainly to be recorded that of Mr. Walker, chemist, Stockton-on-Tees. He supplies the purchaser with prepared matches, which are put into boxes, but are not liable to change in the atmosphere, and also with a piece of fine glass paper folded in two. Even a strong blow will not inflame the matches, because of the softness of the wood underneath, nor does rubbing upon wood or any common substance produce any effect except that of spoiling the match. But when one is pinched between the folds of the glass paper and suddenly drawn out it is instantly inflamed. Mr. Walker does not make them for extensive sale, but only to supply the small demand in his own neighborhood."—Newtastle (England) Chronicle.

Her Version of It.

A young girl in a class preparing for admission into the church was asked by the pastor how she ought to obey the fifth commandment, to honor her father and mother. She answered promptly, "I ought to take them out for walks on Sundays, and I ought not to let them see how much more I know than they do." She expressed an opinion probably quite current among young people concerning the preponderance of knowledge in the rising generation.—Congregationalist.

AN UNEQUALED RECORD.

THERE IS A RAPIDLY INCREASING VOLUME OF BELLEFONTE EVIDENCE ROLLING UP FOR THE GREAT MEDICINE, DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

It would seem that hardly anyone can take Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills without receiving marked benefit. The wonderful action of this medicin in putting people on their feet who are in a weak run down condition is the talk of every place they are known. It is only a short time since they first came to Bellefonte yet today they are more in evidence for merit with Bellefonte people than all other medicines combined.

Soloman Garrett of No. 301 Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa., says:—"I had been feeling very much run down for a long time. My head ached a great deal and I felt tired and sore all over. I was also bothered with sleeplessness at night. I saw Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills so highly recommended I got a box at Krumrine's Drug Store and they did me a great deal of good. I felt first rate after using them and have no hesitation in recommending them to others."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package.

Advice From the Box.

On one occasion in the fifties an amateur dramatic performance was given in San Francisco for the benefit of some deserving charity. Among the performers was the late Hugh Farrar McDermott, the poet, and in a box was Mr. Mills. The play was some classic piece, and the acting was so bad that what should have been a tragedy became a farce. In the last act McDermott dropped his sword and, stooping awkwardly, picked it up. There was a titter in the audience, which increased as the luckless performer asked, "What shall I do with this envenomed blade?"

From the banker's box came in a queer stage whisper, "Stab yourself, Hugh, and be done with it!"—Frank Leslie's Monthly.

Malevolence is misery. It is the mind of satan, the great enemy, an outcast from all joy and the opponent of all goodness and happiness.—J. Hamilton.

It don't matter if the world is round or flat, you'll roll off it if you don't keep your balance.—Atlanta Constitution.

—The National History Society, of Chicago, is trying to pass an ordinance requiring cats to be muzzled; to prevent them from killing song birds.

THE Republican AND N. Y. TRIBUNE 1.25.

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and
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McClure's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.30	1.95
Frank Leslie's Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Munsey's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.35	2.00
Success, New York City	1.00	1.10	1.75
Ledger Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.20	1.75
Puck, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Judge, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Leslie's Weekly, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Review of Reviews, New York City	2.50	2.50	3.15
Scribner's Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.50	3.90
American Agriculturist, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y	2.00	2.00	2.50
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn	3.00	3.00	3.50
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass	1.75	2.25	2.90
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass	.50	1.00	1.50
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass	1.00	1.25	1.85
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass	1.00	1.00	1.65
Farm, Field and Fireside, Chicago, Ill	1.00	1.00	1.65
Orange Judd Farmer, Chicago, Ill	1.00	1.25	1.85
Epitomist, Indianapolis, Ind	.50	1.00	1.50
Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio	.60	1.00	1.65
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich	.60	1.00	1.65
Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Made the Lawyer Prance.

A startling episode occurred in the court room at Lewisburg Monday morning in the equity suit now on trial between Joseph C. Nesbit, builder, and the trustees of Christ's Evangelical church, of Lewisburg. Attorney James Scarlet, of Danville, who represented the plaintiff, jumped to his feet and a cloud of smoke was seen to envelop him. It was only after several men rushed to his assistance that his coat was thrown off and the fire put out, but several pairs of hands were severely burned. It was not the heat of the argument nor his burning eloquence that started the blaze, but a package of chloride of potash and some matches that he carelessly carried in his pocket. After the excitement was over Mr. Scarlet remarked that it was "a little too early to burn up lawyers."

Mr. Scarlet is a brother-in-law of William Lyons, of this place.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fast Train Service.

In these days when fast trains are so much talked about it must be remembered that since the new schedule went into effect the Bald Eagle Valley railroad also has a "flyer." On Tuesday Engineer Carson Smith and conductor Edward Zerbe, both Lock Haven men, brought Day Express No. 52 from Tyrone to Lock Haven, a distance of 51 miles in one hour and 49 minutes. During the run 23 stops were made and water taken twice. The train was also backed out of Bellefonte.—L. H. Express.

Not Imitated Here.

One of the most extraordinary office-holders ever heard of has turned up in Monroe county. He is one of the county commissioners, whose pay is $3.50 a day for every day actually devoted to official duties. The commissioner in question does not believe that the services are worth any such amount, and the other day he turned over to the county treasurer one-half the pay he had drawn for the year. That's a wholesome example, but it won't be imitated.

—Governor Stone has affixed his signature to a bill that will be the means of compelling teachers holding provisional certificates to study up all branches now taught in the common schools. The new law states that each teacher must stand an examination in algebra and civil government. The adding of these two studies to the branches will be the means of making the teachers study and keep in touch with the times.

—Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris Jr., are rejoicing over the arrival of a sweet little baby boy that came to gladden their home at twenty minutes past eleven Saturday morning. Both mother and babe are doing nicely and the happy father is gracefully receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

High School Defeats Hecla Park at Base Ball.

The High school base ball nine Thursday afternoon went down to Hecla Park and defeated the nine at that place by the score of 15 to 3.

	R	H.	O.	E.
H. Taylor, 3rd b	2	1	0	0
J. Taylor, s. s.	2	3	8	1
Runkle, p	2	2	0	0
Longacre, l. f.	2	1	0	0
Brouse, 2nd b.	3	3	1	0
Robb, c. f.	1	1	0	0
Brown, 1st b,	1	2	3	1
Armstrong, r. f.	1	0	1	0
Twitmire, c.	1	2	5	1
	15	15	18	3
	R.	H.	O.	E.
P. Alters, c. f.	1	0	2	0
H. Dunkle, 1st b.	0	0	2	1
H. Workman, c.	0	0	6	2
Herman, 3rd b,	0	0	2	1
W. Workman, l. f.	1	1	3	0
Hinds, r. f.	1	0	0	0
M. Dunkle, 2nd b.	0	1	0	0
C. Workman, p.	0	0	0	0
Fisher, s. s.	0	0	0	2
	3	2	15	6

Two base hits, J. Taylor, Runkle struck by Runkle 14, by McMullen 6.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.

All druggists.

—The Maine Historical society has purchased the old Longfellow house in Portland, Me., and it will be preserved as a Longfellow museum.

Neuralgia.

The Prayer of a Nerve for More Blood.

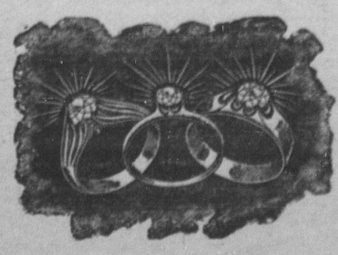
Neuralgia may attack any part of the body but most frequently occurs where the nerves are most abundant.

In the head,
In the face.
Sometimes the heart nerves seem to twist
Twinging rheumatic pains of the extremities
Sharp and intense at times
In the intervals dull and heavy.

Neuralgia is the result of impoverished blood caused by impairment of the nerves—a lack of nerve force.

It is a disease of the nerve centers, and the pains accompanying it are a prayer for better nourishment. They are the danger signals which warn you against a total collapse of the nervous system.

Liniments and all external applications can only give temporary relief. Permanent cure cannot possibly come until the nerve centers are thoroughly revitalized and reinvigorated by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. The beneficial effects of this great nerve restorative are felt thrilling through the nerve fibres as week by week and month by month the nerve force of the body is restored. Women afflicted with diseases peculiar to their sex are frequently great sufferers from neuralgia. Dr. Chase's Nerve Pills positively cures both these disorders by filling the nervous system with new vigor and life. 50 cents a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. The genuine has portrait and signature of Dr. A. W Chase on each package.



FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MAIL THEIR LETTERS FREE.

There are Only Two Women Who Enjoy This Privilege.

"It is commonly supposed that only Senators and Representatives have the privilege of writing or stamping a facsimile of their signatures upon envelopes, and that, under the law, all such matter goes through the mails without payment of postage," said a Representative.

"This is true, and Uncle Sam's postal employes honor our signature when a bank teller might not. There are two ladies, however, who share with us this privilege, though this is a fact not generally known, and they are the widows of former Presidents Grant and Garfield.

"All mail matter sent by Mrs. Lucretia R. Garfield and Mrs. Julia D. Grant, under their respective written autographic signatures, and all mail matter sent to these two ladies will be carried free during their lives. No signature or marks are necessary to the free carriage of mail matter to either of these ladies, the address being sufficient. Mrs. Garfield has enjoyed the privilege since 1881 and Mrs. Grant since 1886.

"And in this connection of the free transportation of mail I will give you a line or two which is of both local and general interest. The delegates to Congress from the Territories, the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives also have the privilege, and there it ends except for official correspondence of the government.

"The right of a Senator and a Representative to use his 'frank' holds good until the first Monday in December following the expiration of his term of office, the single exception being in the case of seeds and agricultural reports, which may be sent by or to any member of Congress or delegate free for a period of 9 months after the expiration of his term. Members of the last Congress may continue to use their franking privilege until Monday, Dec. 2, the day when the 57th Congress will convene. The envelopes must have the word 'free' and the initials of the official, as 'MU. C.' for Representative and 'U. S. S.' for Senator written or printed thereon.

"Being an old Representative, I have been often asked by new members how they could get a lot of reports or government documents into their districts without going to the trouble of addressing them in Washington and saving the annoyance of handling the volumes, as well as deciding to whom they are to be sent. If men who are elected to Congress have this to learn it is not supposed that the outside public would know. They distribute this mail in this manner.

"The law allows a package of franking articles to be sent to one addressee, who on receiving and opening the package may place addresses upon the franking articles and remail them for delivery to their respective addresses.

"And we work it this way: We will send one of a dozen big mail bags filled with agricultural or other reports to a friend in our districts with carte blanche to distribute them where he thinks they will do the most good. People living in the rural districts consider it a compliment and special mark of favor to be thus remembered, and as the agricultural reports are valuable to them we disseminate the information the government has gone to great expense to compile, and come in for a good thing ourselves at the same time. By this method the Representative and his clerk are relieved of a tremendous lot of hard work and loss of time."

—The firemen of Bellefonte are entitled to great credit for their readiness to turn out on Memorial Day. They are always willing and are always in their places in the line of parade. In appearance, in numbers and by conduct, they are a body of men our town can well be proud of.

—An exciting game of base ball was played at Beaver Field, State College, Memorial Day between State College Sub Prep team and the Bellefonte Academy which resulted in a victory for the latter by the score of 14 to 6 Attendance 500.

—Memorial Day was observed at Howard by a parade and appropriate addresses. Judge John G. Love was the orator of the day and delivered a stirring address to a large assemblage of people.

—Mrs. Julia Ward Howe quietly celebrated her 83rd birthday anniversary Monday at Boston. Innumerable gifts and congratulatory telegrams were received.

—The Evangelical Ministerial Association will convene in Rebersburg this week. About three score of ministers and lay delegates are expected to be in attendance.

—Wu Ting Fang's 14-year-old son is a pupil at the Washington High school and a member of the cadet corps of that institution.

—The lack of energy you feel, the backache and a run down condition generally, all mean kidney disorder. Foley's Kidney Cure will restore your strength and vigor by making the kidneys well. Take no substitute. All druggists.

—The annual spring meeting of the State Board of Agriculture will be held at State College June 5, 6, and 7.

If the woman at work should make answer to the other woman, she might, perhaps, say: "You never had to scrub and clean when your back ached so that it seemed that every movement would break it in two." It's bad enough for a woman to suffer. But when she must suffer and slave at the same time she reaches the limit of her endurance.

Weak women who have been made strong by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, recommend it to others as a godsend. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I have been ailing some time now, being troubled with female weakness," writes Mrs. Wm. H. Johnson, of Avondale, Chester Co., Pa. "Every month I would have to lie on my back. I tried many different medicines and nothing gave me relief until I began Dr. Pierce's medicines, using two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have cured me. When I began your treatment I was not able to do very much, but now I do the work for my family of nine, and feel better to-day than I have for a year."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache. They do not create the pill habit.

The Ideal Editor.

You hear talk of the "ideal newspaper." It is, says an exchange, like the flower that never withers, the bird that never alights, the land where sunlight never fades—it only exists in the imagination of the sucker whom we are told the the elements consume. Writing from the standpoint of a country editor, if you have ever been in his shoes you know he is the repository of the secrets of the community, none of which he has ever divulged. He must publish a paper chuck full of local news, whether anything happens or not. His judicial mind must be far superior to the district judge and give him pointers in instructing the jury. He must discourse with equal fluency upon the silver question and Farmer Jones' Jersey calf, china painting and Poland-China pigs, preserved peaches and the perseverance of saints, foreign wars and local strikes, justification by faith and justification by type, the doctrine of election, the election returns, the doings of the last synod and the details of prize-fights. The receipts of church socials and the squabble in the town council must be equally familiar to the versatile mind.

With all this he must wait on the delinquent subscribers, discount the bill of the patent medicine fakes, stand off his wash bill, always go well dressed, pay his printer on Saturday night, whether a cent has come in or not; write free puffs, teach the city administration how to run the city and be content with $20 a year for printing the proceedings when it is worth $250, never ask for any honors, but help others to get them; boom the local statesman who owes him three years' subscription—in short, be all things to all men, make no mistake in dates, take the cussings of the community and never cuss back. This is the ideal editor, and his paper is a daisy. We never saw one.—Potter Democrat, Coudersport, Pa.

Seven Years In Bed.

"Will wonders every cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan, They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing, Try it. Satisfaction is guaranteed. Only 50c. At F. Potts Green drug store.

—The number of deaf mutes in the United States is said to be over 110,000. There are also 88,900 persons who are blind.

—Although Japan is smaller than California, and only one-twelfth of her area is cultivated, it has a population of 44,000,000.

BEST IS CHEAPEST
GRAPHITE ELASTIC PAINT
FOR
TIN AND IRON ROOFS, BRIDGES, MACHINERY, etc.
STOPS LEAKS, RUST & DECAY.
WEARS BETTER THAN ANY OTHER.
GUARANTEED FOR 5 YEARS

FOR SALE BY W. H. MILLER, Bellefonte, Pa.

BELLEFONTE WINS.

The Athletic Club Downs Susquehanna at Base Ball.

About 500 people journeyed down to the Fair grounds Friday afternoon to witness the game of base ball between the strong Susquehanna University nine and the Bellefonte Athletic club nine. They were not disappointed for a good game took place and what was more satisfactory still Bellefonte was a winner. It was quite a feather in the cap of the Bellefonte boys to defeat the nine that is today playing the first nine at State College.

The score:

B. A. C.	R.	H.	A.	O.	E.	SUSQUEHANNA	R.	H.	A.	O.	E.
Otto, ss.	0	1	1	2	1	Smith 1b.	0	1	8	0	1
Taylor, 3b.	1	2	0	1	0	Dibler cf.	0	1	2	0	0
Gephart, lf	2	1	1	1	0	Br'sler 3b.	0	0	2	0	4
Huber c.	2	0	6	0	0	Gilbert p.	1	0	2	3	0
Sharpe p.	2	1	8	1	0	Walker rf.	1	0	2	0	0
Twitm'e, 1b.	0	1	7	0	0	Moist lf.	1	1	2	0	0
Hoy, 2b.	1	1	2	2	0	W'sel'r ss.	0	0	3	0	1
Kelch'e, c	0	0	1	0	0	D'nde 2b.	1	0	3	1	0
Lingle, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	Frank b.	0	0	3	1	0
Total	8	8	27	7	1	Totals	4	3	27	5	6

Athletics.....0 1 0 0 4 2 0 0 0—8
Susquehanna.....0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0—4

Earned runs, Athletics 5. Susquehanna 2. Two-base hit, Huber. Sacrifice hits, Taylor. Keichline. Lingle. Stolen bases Taylor. Twitmire 2. Lingle Bases on balls off Sharpe 2, off Glibert 6. Struck out, by Sharpe 5, by Glibert 3. Left on bases, Athletics 13, Susquehanna 7. Time 2.05. Umpire, Blanchard, of Swarthmore.

May Establish a Game Preserve.

A sale of denuded timberland this week in Penn township was closed between John Stoner, of Millheim, and Whitmer Sons & Co., of Sunbury, which is likely to be the forerunner of many other sales of similar land, upon which eventually a game preserve will be established.

The land purchased, which is situated in Little Poe Valley, consists of 4 tracts deeded in the warrantee names of John Armstrong, Wm. Cook, Thomas Hamilton and Allen McDonald and together they comprise 551 acres and 110 perches. The timber has been cut from the land, and it was sold for $1 per acre.

The purchasers are lumbermen who also find much pleasure with the rod and gun, and they, with other parties, are now endeavoring to purchase more adjoining lands, reaching out to Penns creek and Poe run. If they are successful a club house will be built and the preserve stocked with fish and game.

The land is nicely located for the desired purpose. It is near the railroad, has excellent streams, and can be hunted over with pleasure. Those wishing to hunt larger game can also find it in close proximity to the intended preserve, which will prove a very desirable feature.

When Matches Were Introduced.

The Atlas of a London newspaper, published on January 10, 1830, the following paragraph under the head of "Instantaneous Light:"

"Amongst the different methods invented for obtaining a light instantaneously ought certainly to be recorded that of Mr. Walker, chemist, Stockton-on-Tees. He supplies the purchaser with prepared matches, which are put into tin boxes, but are not liable to change in atmosphere, and also with a piece of fine glass paper folded in two. Even a strong blow will not inflame the matches, because of the softness of the wood underneath; nor does rubbing upon wood or any common substances produce any effect except that of spoiling the match; but when one is pinched between the folds of the glass paper and suddenly drawn out it is instantly inflamed. Mr. Walker does not make them for extensive sale, but only to supply the small demand in his own neighborhood."—Newcastle Chronicle.

—Maxfield Parrish's fine decorative design on the cover of The Ladies' Home Journal for June forms a fitting introduction to a remarkably attractive issue. Among the most interesting features of this number are a double page of pictures, entitled "Where Golf is Played," showing some of the handsomest country club houses in America, a series of curious "Love Stories of the Zoo," told by Clifford Howard; the first installment of a fascinating new serial, "Aileen," by Elizabeth Knight Tompkins; a touching full-page picture of "The Passing of the Farm," by W. L. Taylor; the queer experiences with "Some People I Have Married," by the Rev. D. M. Steele, and a vigorous article on "Women as 'Poor Pay,'" by Edward Box. Numerous other articles of general and domestic interest fill out the rest of the number. By the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar a year; ten cents a copy.

Look Out for Him.

A sewing machine fraud is operating in various localities and may turn up in Bellefonte. His method of operation is thus described: "He would visit the homes and get the consent to clean the sewing machine, and while doing so would remove some part and then show a broken piece of machinery, telling the lady that it would have to be replaced at a cost of a number of dollars, he of course having the proper piece to fit. He would then put in the original piece and receive his compensation for the work. If he thought he could deceive his patron further he would find a second broken piece and thus add more to the treasury." A number have been fleeced in this manner and the residents should be shy of machine repairers.

—Presiding Elder S. P. Remer, of Lewisburg, preached in the Evangelical church Sunday, June 2nd, at 7:30 o'clock.

IN CUBA

where it is hot all the year round

Scott's Emulsion

sells better than any where else in the world. So don't stop taking it in summer, or you will lose what you have gained.

Send for a free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

SUMMER BAND CONCERTS.

Movement on Foot to Have Coleville Band Give Weekly Open Air Concerts.

Everyone remembers the delightful open air concerts given by the Coleville band once a week during the summer of last year, and all will hail with delight the movement now on foot to have them do the same thing this summer. Nothing so livens up the town as a band and there is no one, hardly, who does not love band music. And such a band as the Coleville band whose reputation as a musical organization is renown throughout central Pennsylvania, it is certainly a treat to hear.

Although this band has been very generous with their music, yet no one who appreciates their playing, could expect them to play for nothing, and so their friends are about to circulate a petition asking monthly contributions from our citizens and if the amount required can be raised the concerts are an assured fact. The plan is to give a public concert one night each week at some public place in the borough during the months of June, July August and September. The object of the petition is to raise $40 a month, payable to Philip Garbrick at the end of each month. This would be only $10 a night not an unreasonable sum surely for the great enjoyment given the people.

The petition will be circulated at once so that the concerts can start right away and it is to be hoped that all will contribute cheerfully and promptly with that end in view.

The money raised will be used by the band to purchase music and instruments. Bellefonte should be proud of this organization for many of our sister towns are without bands and the Coleville band is certainly a credit to the town, whenever and wherever it appears. There should be no trouble, and we think there won't be, in raising the necessary amount to make the concerts a sure thing.

Quick Relief For Asthma.

Miss Maude Dickens, Parsons, Kans., writes: "I suffered eight years with asthma in its worst form. I had several attacks during the last year and was not expected to live through them. I began using Foley's Honey and Tar and it has never failed to give immediate relief." All Druggists.

A Quiet Home Wedding.

At the home of Moses Walters near Pine Hall Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the presence of only a few of the most intimate friends of the young people Rev. Aikens performed the ceremony which made Olin Johnson and Miss Lizzie Walters, both of Pine Hall, man and wife. After this came congratulations, and then followed a splendid supper,

The bride, Lizzie Walters, is a splendid young lady, well qualified to make a good wife. The groom, Olin Johnson, is a son of Daniel Johnson, of Pine Hall, and is a sober, energetic young farmer, so there is no reason why they should not steer clear of breakers over the sometimes rough sea of matrimony.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Herman—Stump.

At the home of the bride, Miss Keturah Stump, daughter of Alvin Stump, of Potter township, Rev. Black, of Boalsburg, on Wednesday evening May 29, performed the ceremony that united for life Miss Stump to Robert Herman, of Lemont. Mr. Herman is one of the most promising young men of Lemont, a teacher of experience, a clerk at present in a hardware store at Philipsburg. His wife is a young woman who will make him an admirable helpmate.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack.

What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease.

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It corrects the acidity of the blood on which the disease depends, strengthens the stomach, liver and kidneys, and builds up the whole system. Try Hood's.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—'Tis June the month of roses.

—June roses are peeping out shyly.

—Hecla park opened Saturday for the season.

—We are having nice weather at last for which we are all devoutly thankful.

—Best set of teeth at Dr. Geissingers for $8.00. d-1m-w-4t

—Nathaniel Bierly of Milesburg has been granted a pension of $10.00 per month.

—William B. Beamer, of Philipsburg, has had his pension increased to $12 a month.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Gross of Bishop street are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lose, of Water street are happy over the arrival of a baby boy who came Monday morning.

—Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

—Former Governor Daniel H. Hastings has been re-elected a member of the Board of Trustees of Dickinson College at Carlisle.

—Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

—The Peerless Concert Company took in $91.70 at their recent entertainment in the opera house. Their expenses were $37.00 leaving a net balance of $54.70 for the A. M. E. church.

—Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure, Doan's Ointment, absolutely safe; can't fail.

—Miss Sarah Barnhart, a sister of Philip Barnhart, who lives on the old Jacksonville road a short distance east of town, is lying critically ill. The doctors say her condition is very serious.

—If you are going to the Pan-American Exposition you should leave Bellefonte at 1:20 p. m., over the P. R. R., and you will connect at Lock Haven with a Buffalo "flyer" and reach Buffalo by 8 o'clock in the evening.

—One of the big blast engines at the Bellefonte Furnace suffered a break-down Monday morning at 5 o'clock which will put it out of business for the next ten days. It will be repaired at Hollidaysburg where it was built.

—Mary Barges, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Barges, of Logan Mills, Sugar Valley, died Sunday morning of brain fever, aged 3 years. The funeral took place Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment at Miller's cemetery.

—A bill appropriating $175,000 to the Pennsylvania State College has been favorably reported to the House appropriation committee. A bill appropriating $2,000 to the College experimental station has also been favorably reported from the committee.

—Wm. Loy, of Clearfield, and Miss Ina Davidson, of Unionville, this county, were married at DuBois Monday afternoon. The happy couple left for a visit to the Pan-American exposition and points in Canada, after which they will make their home at Clearfield.

—The case of the Commonwealth vs Edward L. Irvin convicted at the April term of court of causing the death of Miss Ella McWilliams, of Fairbrook, was argued for a new trial Tuesday before Judge Love. After hearing both sides the judge reserved his decision in the case until the 17th of June when argument court re-convenes.

NOTICE

To the Merchants and Business Men of Bellefonte.

In view of the absence of any Borough Ordinance regulating the license for the sale of merchandise, etc., by non-residents and the inability of enforcement of those on the books to-day, it has been decided to call a meeting of all interested business men at the Court House in the Arbitration Room, on Tuesday evening, June 11th, 1901, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of framing an ordinance, to be presented to Council, regulating the license to be paid in every branch of trade.

All merchants should be present at this meeting in order to protect their interests. EDMUND BLANCHARD,
Burgess.

Notice of Public Meeting.

A public meeting will be held at the Court House in the Arbitration Room, on Monday evening, June 10th, 1901, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of taking some steps in arranging for a large public demonstration and reception upon the return of the "Soldier Boys," who enlisted in the Philippine War and who are expected to arrive home some time during the latter part of July.

Every public spirited citizen should make it a point to be present at this meeting. EDMUND BLANCHARD,
Burgess.

COUNCIL MEETING.

Proceedings of the Regular Semi-Monthly Session of the Boro Fathers.

The regular semi-monthly session of council met Monday evening with President Gerberich in the chair and following members present: Reynolds, Knisely, Garrity, Cunningham and Whittaker.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by clerk Pontius and there being no corrections they were approved.

Fred Blanchard presented a petition from citizens of East Linn street asking relief of council from the dog nuisance. He stated that from Col. Reynold's property to John M. Dale's residence there are no less than twenty-five dogs and at night they keep up a continual howl. They also do considerable damage to property. Passers by are also attacked by these vicious dogs.

Dr. A. W. Hafer asked that the property owners on Reynolds Avenue, those who have not already done so, be compelled to lay walks four feet wide. Some are only three feet wide.

H. Y. Stitzer Esq., asked for a new crossing on East High street between Court House and jail.

The street committee reported cleaning various streets and alleys and recommended the laying of the four new crossings asked for at last meeting.

Fire and Police committee recommended the placing of a new fire plug at the corner of South Spring and Pine streets. The floor of the engine room is sinking and should be repaired at once.

The Market committee reported collecting $3.35 market fees since last meeting.

Water committee reported everything in good order at water works. Work on Howard street water pipes progressing nicely.

The dog question was discussed at great length and council was unanimous in the opinion that it was a great nuisance. Col. Reynolds moved seconded by Mr. Knisely that the dog ordinance now on the statue book be enforced.

Dr. A. W. Hafer's complaint was referred to Street committee to investigate and report at next meeting.

The suggestion of the Fire and Police committee in regard to a new fire plug on South Spring street was accepted and one will be placed there.

Four new crossings asked for in the South ward were authorized to be laid.

The Finance committee was granted an order for $2,500 to pay the monthly bills of the borough.

According to the dog ordinance which council is about to enforce every dog in the boro limits must wear a collar. All dogs not taxed are liable to be placed in the pound and if owner does not redeem them by paying the tax they will be shot.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

E. E. Ill Co. lighting streets	$ 370.40
E. E. Ill Co. lighting pub. buildings	15.00
Street pay Roll	47.67
E. K. Rhoads, weighing rails	1.00
Bellefonte Gas Co. steam heat	37.60
Thos. Shaughnessy, mkt. clerk	1.00
Police Pay Roll	52.25
Water Pay Roll	151.44
Chas. F. Cook, freight	1.41
E. E. Ill Co. lighting W. W	1.70
Bft. Fuel & Supply Co.	16.86
A. Allison, pipes, for Howard street	946.42
Jenkins & Lingle hydrants and fitting	33.53
W. F. Reynolds, finance committee	2500.00
	$4178.95

A QUIET HOME WEDDING.

Thomas B. McClellan, of Bellefonte, Weds Miss Mary Morrison, of Unionville.

A quiet but very pretty home wedding was celebrated Saturday evening at 7 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Morrison at Unionville. The contracting parties were Thomas B. McClellan, son of William McClellan, of this place, and Miss Mary Morrison, of Unionville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Brown, pastor of the Evangelical church of Bellefonte, in the presence of only the family and a few friends. Bridesmaid and best man were dispensed with. After the ceremony and congratulations a delightful wedding supper was served which proved very enjoyable to all present.

The groom is one of Bellefonte's popular young men. He is now employed with M. W. Cowdrick at Niagara Falls. He left for that city Monday afternoon but his bride will remain at her home for about a month after which she will join him at Niagara and they will go to housekeeping.

The bride is a very pretty and vivacious young lady and will no doubt make an excellent helpmate through life.

The REPUBLICAN joins the many friends in tendering congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. McClellan.

Aged Colored Lady's Death.

Mrs. Rosana Miller, an aged colored lady, residing on East Logan street, died at half past seven o'clock Monday evening, of catarrh of the stomach. She was 85 years of age and was the widow of the late Thomas Miller. She leaves five children. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Union cemetery.

—Daisy, the 4 year old daughter of Ernest and Blanche Hess, of Shingletown, died Monday morning after a week's sickness with diphtheria. The funeral occurred later in the day. Interment in the Boalsburg cemetery.

THE BACCALAUREATE SERMON.

Class of 1901, Bellefonte High School Held in Methodist Church.

The Methodist Episcopal church was crowded Sunday evening to listen to the Baccalaureate sermon to the Bellefonte High School, Class of 1901.

The services were very interesting throughout, the singing proving especially enjoyable. The class of 1901, B. H. S., came in just as the services were about to start and occupied the front seats which were reserved for them.

Besides the regular singing and an anthem by the choir, Jay G. Mengel, of Renovo, sang "The Holy City" in a highly pleasing manner.

The Baccalaureate sermon was delivered by the pastor, Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, who took for his text the 9th verse of the 3rd chapter of Paul's first letter to the church at Corinthia, "Ye are God's Buildings." His main thought was that Man is the noblest handiwork of God and that no effort should be spared to develop God's building both morally physically and mentally. He deemed it a great honor to have the privilege of speaking to them on this occasion, congratulated them on their success so far, and gave them many words of sound advice for their guidance in the future. Many beautiful thoughts were expressed by the speaker which could not help but leave a lasting impression on the hearts and minds of the young people before him.

An Exciting Runaway.

Quite an exciting runaway occurred Monday afternoon about 3 o'clock in the Diamond of our town. Philip Beezer's bay horse, attached to a light buggy, was standing hitched to a post in front of the shop, when it suddenly became frightened at the noise caused by one of the porters at the Brockerhoff House who was loading beer kegs on a wagon. The horse broke loose from the post and tore across the Diamond at break neck speed dragging the buggy with it. It went up the north side of the Court House and ran around to the rear finally making a complete circle of the temple of justice and coming down the south side. When it reached the iron railing around the lawn it leaped over that but the buggy struck the rail twisting and bending the iron rods all out of shape. At this point the horse became disengaged from the buggy and ran across the lawn tearing up the sod in great shape. It jumped over the lower railing like a circus horse and ran down toward Bishop street where it was finally captured. The only injury to the buggy was a broken shaft.

On the north side of the Court House some children were playing, among the number being Lena Boyer, the little daughter of Mrs. Ella Boyer of East High street. When the runaway horse reached this point, the children all got out of the way except little Lena who did not realize her danger. The horse showed unusual intelligence and seemed to take in the situation at once, and with remarkable quickness jumped clear over the child. Fortunately the buggy did not hit the little one and it escaped without a scratch. The child is about 4 or 5 years old.

At the rear of the Court House the buggy struck the steps which lead from the Court House yard up towards the jail tearing down the iron railing.

On the north side of the Court House yard McCalmont's two seated carriage was standing hitched to an electric light pole. The runaway ran along the pavement between the iron rail and the carriage striking the latter and knocking it out of the road but not doing it any serious damage.

Judge Love was holding argument court and the noise of the runaway led many of the lawyers to examine their past lives thinking their last day had come. Many ran out to see what was going on.

Meeting of the Centre County Agricultural Society.

The Centre County Agricultural Society held a meeting in the arbitration room in the Court House on Saturday evening, June 1, 1901. After a temporary organization, Geo. M. Boal, of Centre Hall, was elected president for the ensuing year and Clement Dale Esq., of Bellefonte, secretary. John A. Woodward, of Howard, was chosen a member of the State Board of Agriculture, D. F. Fortney, Philip S. Dale and Fred Kurtz were selected as delegates to the State College. Owen Underwood, of Union township, was elected to represent the society on the Board of Institute managers. A committee was appointed to revise the list of life members of the society.

CLEMENT DALE, Sec.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for June 1st, 1901:

F, V. Adams (2), Frank A. Hutson, F. H. Hafer, D. W. Rumbarger.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

On Monday, June 1st, President McKinley approved the promotion of Roland I. Curtin and signed his commission as a lieutenant, junior grade, in the navy. Lieutenant Curtin is a son of Gen. John I. Curtin of this place and his Bellefonte friends will receive the news of his good fortune with pleasure and delight.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

M. I. Gardner named for Prothonotary and N. B. Spangler for District Attorney.

The Democratic county convention met in the Court House at 12 o'clock Tuesday and was called to order by county chairman John J. Bower. Everything was cut and dried and the convention passed off very smoothly. The call for the convention and roll call was read by the secretary, W. J. Singer.

J. Frank Raine, of the Millheim *Journal*, was elected permanent chairman of the convention, H. D. Rumbarger was elected reading clerk; W. J. Carlin, of Rebersburg, and M. McLaughlin, of Snow Shoe, secretaries; D. R. Foreman, of Potter township, and G. W. Rumbarger, of Unionville, tellers.

M. I. Gardner, of Bellefonte, was renominated by acclamation for Prothonotary, and N. B. Spangler, also of Bellefonte, was re nominated for District Attorney.

The following delegates were elected to the Democratic State convention which meets in Erie in August: D. R. Wilson, of Howard; John Smith, of Gregg; John E. Rowe, of Philipsburg; Ellis Shaffer, of Miles, and James Schofield, of Bellefonte.

John J. Bower Esq., was re-elected County chairman for the year 1902.

It would not have done for the convention to close without a little fireworks so J. C. Meyer and C. M. Bower were called upon both of whom made good addresses from a Democratic point of view.

The resolutions adopted by the Democratic county convention on Tuesday were quite lengthy. They endorsed the course of Senator Wm. C. Heinle and endorsed him for renomination. The Democrats who assisted in the election of Quay were censured and the "Ripper" bill was denounced as follows:

WHEREAS, certain professed Democrats, Senators and Representatives, (and whose names, in charity, we prefer not to remember) have violated their pledges to the party to which they are indebted for their high office, by voting to elect M. S. Quay to the United States Senate and W. T. Marshall to the office of speaker of the House of Representatives, and who contumaciously and dishonestly aided and abetted the Quayites in the enactment of the "Ripper" and other malodorous legislation. Therefore

RESOLVED: That we condemn the actions of such so-called Democrats as being a libel on the fair fame of Democracy and a stumbling block in the pathway of men not of our party, but who, in the recent past, have given to it their generous support. Of such so-called Democrats it may be truly said that they are a mercenary and servile crew; unanimous in evil, diligent in mischief; variable in principles, talkers for liberty but slaves to power, and

WHEREAS, The people of this Commonwealth from time immemorial have revered and upheld the doctrine of home rule, and of the constitutional right of a citizen duly elected to office by the expressed will of the people to hold the office for the full term for which he was elected unless removed therefrom by death, resignation or impeachment, and

WHEREAS, A political organization made drunk by excess of power and patronage has wantonly and for corrupt purposes legislated out of office the duly elected and qualified officials in all cities of the second class in defiance of process and in disregard of the fundamental principles of a Republican form of government, Therefore

RESOLVED: That we denounce such legislation as being unconstitutional, un-American, subversive of the just and legal rights of the people and utterly indefensible anywhere, except where the conscience to decide may be influenced by the same powers that controlled a superservicable body of legislators. We, therefore, insist that the Democratic Convention, when in State Conference assembled, shall demand the repeal of this "Ripper" legislation and that to secure such repeal, together with an honest system of balloting which shall pledge the Democracy of Pennsylvania to unite its efforts with those of all reputable and liberty-loving citizens of this Commonwealth. And we commend Chief Justice J. B. McCollum, and justices John Dean and S. Leslie Mestrezat of the Supreme Court of the State for the firm stand they have taken for the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people as set forth in their dissenting opinion filed in the "Ripper" case.

Argument Court.

A special session of argument court was held in the court house here last Friday which was presided over by Judge Martin Bell, of Blair county. The following cases were argued:

Elvina E. Wagner executrix versus D. H. Hastings, John W. Cook et al.

David Rothrock, adms. etc., vs Henry Rothrock Jr., et al.

The regular June term of argument court opened Monday morning with Judge John G. Love presiding.

Married.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs. A. C. Lansbery, at Fairview, Clearfield county, by Rev. G. L. Graham, of Philipsburg, on May 29th, Edgar Bigleman, of Peale, and Miss Mertie Lansbery.

—The commencement of the Central Pennsylvania College at New Berlin will be held during the week beginning June 14th.

PERSONAL PEN CILINGS.

Miss Sara Mahn is visiting friends in Williamsport.

J. Howard Lingle was a Philadelphia visitor last week.

Archie Allison transacted business in Tyrone one day last week.

Thomas J. Sexton Esq., spent Memorial Day at his home in Tyrone.

T. F. Wolfe, of Madisonburg, was a Friday night visitor in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. James Noonan and little child are visiting friends in Williamsport.

William Grauer, of Altoona transacted business in Bellefonte Wednesday of last week.

Dr. George B. Klump and wife spent part of last week with friends in Williamsport.

J. S. Marstellar and Geo. W. Brymer, of Snow Shoe, were business visitors in Bellefonte Friday.

Misses Gertrude and Mildred Bouse, of Tyrone, spent Memorial Day among friends in Milesburg.

Mr. Henry Linn, returned home Saturday from a business trip to Philadelphia and New York.

Hon. A. O. Furst delivered an eloquent address at the Memorial Day services at State College Thursday:

Mrs. C. M. Garman returned home Friday from an extended visit to her parents at West Hoboken, N. J.

Mr. John Holmes and Capt. S. H. Bennison two of Marion townships leading citizens, were Bellefonte visitors Saturday.

Gen. James A. Beaver returned home Saturday from Pittsburg where he was attending the sessions of the Superior Court.

Mr and Mrs. C. H. McLain, of North Penn St. returned home Friday morning from a weeks visit in Williamsport and Reading.

Fred Foote has resigned his position as turnkey at the Centre county jail and has gone to Wilkinsburg where he has secured a position.

Dr. Edward H. Harris, of St. Luke's hospital Philadelphia, is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs John P. Harris Sr., of West Linn street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rhoads and little daughter, of Tyrone, are visiting Mrs. Rhoads mother, Mrs. Amanda Waite of North Thomas street.

Rev. C. H. Goodling, formerly pastor of the Evangelical church at this place, but now located at Lewistown, is visiting his Bellefonte friends.

Prof. E. R. Keedy, principal of the schools at Alexandria, Pa., spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of his friend Prof. John Meyer.

Col. Wilbur F. Reeder returned home Saturday from Reading where he attended the sessions of the Knights Templar Conclave at that place.

William Marshall, of Pittsburg, arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday night on a ten days' visit to his mother, Mrs. Jane Marshall on West High street.

Woods Bathgate, who is clerking in the Pennsylvania Railroad offices at Altoona, passed through Bellefonte Memorial Day on his way to visit his home at Lemont.

Miss Elizabeth B. Meek, returned home Thursday from Chicago where she has been pursuing a post graduate course for the past year in the Chicago University.

Col. James P. Coburn who was the Memorial Day orator at Pine Grove Mills and Penn Hall was the guest during the day of his old soldier friend Capt. W. H. Fry.

Rev. Ralph Illingsworth, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Fairview, Erie, county who is spending an extended vacation in Centre county, was a Bellefonte visitor Friday.

Mrs. John T. Laurie and three children, who have for the past three weeks been the guests of Mr. Laurie's parents on Spring Street, departed Friday afternoon for their new home in Tyrone.

George L. Potter, heretofore general manager of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, has been made general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio, which line is now controlled by the Pennsylvania.

George D. Bayard, who is now managing a large drug store at North Bend, Pa., arrived in Bellefonte Saturday morning to spend Sunday with his parents on North Spring street. He was accompanied by his friend Jay G. Mengel, of Renovo.

James Underwood, better known to his Bellefonte friends by the sobriquet of "Doc," is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Underwood, of North Penn street. "Doc" is a telegraph operator in the employ of the Penna. R. R., at Renovo, Pa.

Editor Thos. H. Harter, of the Keystone Gazette, with Mrs. Harter, Miss Bessie Musser and Mrs. John W. Tonner, of Philadelphia as their guest departed Monday afternoon for Buffalo where they will visit the Pan-American Exposition.

W. A. Simpson and wife, C. S. McCormick, R. B. McCormick, John F. McCormick, P. McCaffrey and daughter, and E. A. Monaghan and sister were among the Lock Haven people who accompanied the remains of Mrs. Robert I. Fleming to this place Saturday afternoon.

A. B. Katz was an Altoona visitor on Saturday.

John P. Harris Jr., transacted business in Tyrone Monday evening.

Postmaster Scott, of Williamsport was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday.

Col. James P. Coburn spent Sunday at his old home at Aaronsburg.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

C. P. Long and wife, of Spring Mills, were Bellefonte visitors Tuesday.

Miss Lulu Harper was in Tyrone Monday evening says the *Herald* of that place.

Ex-Sheriff W. M. Cronister, of Port Matilda, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Editor P. Gray Meek departed Wednesday afternoon for Buffalo. He will return home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warfield left Monday for a visit to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

B. F. Bright, of Sunbury, is visiting his brother-in-law, W. Homer Criswman, of North Thomas street.

Albert Rumberger, of DuBois, is now in Bellefonte to attend the High School Commencement exercises.

Mr. and Mrs John M. Dale and children spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Dale's mother at Lemont.

Misses Ella Twitmire and Maude Campbell left Wednesday for a visit to friends in Millersville and Philadelphia.

Miss Mary Harris Weaver, who has been attending school at Washington, D. C., arrived home Saturday afternoon.

F. E. Naginey left Tuesday evening for Johnstown to attend the state convention of funeral directors, now in session in that city.

Mrs. Allen Warfield, of Washington, D. C., and Miss Jean McNaughton, of Philadelphia, are guests at the home of John P. Harris, Sr., on West Linn street.

Mrs. Rebecca Burnside, William Burnside, Mrs. H. C. Valentine and son, Stanley, returned home Saturday from an extended sojourn at Atlantic City.

Gregg Curtin, who is employed with the Westinghouse Electric Company at Pittsburg, is visiting his parents, General and Mrs. John I. Curtin, on West Curtin street.

George G. Hutchison, of the State Dairy and Food department passed through Bellefonte Wednesday for State College to attend the spring meet of the State Board of Agriculture.

Isaac Mitchell left for Philadelphia, Tuesday. He will attend the graduating exercises at Bryn Mawr this week, his daughter, Miss Grace, being a member of the graduating class.

Miss Anna Weber, of Howard, spent Saturday in Lock Haven as the guest of J. W. Furey and family. Miss Webber was on her way home from Philadelphia where she attended a music school.

John Wilson, Edward Brewer, Harry Cupper, William Goodman and Andrew Brown, of Lock Haven, made a trip to Bellefonte Sunday, awheel. Two of the young men returned in the evening, the others remaining until Monday.—Lock Haven *Express*

Former Secretary of the State Department of Agriculture, Thos. J. Edge and wife, of Harrisburg, and Hon. Jason Sexton, of North Wales, one of the leading agriculturist of the state, spent Tuesday night in Bellefonte enroute to State College where they will participate in the annual spring meeting of the State Board of Agriculture now in session in that place.

Edward U. Valentine, son of our old townspeople Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Valentine, will sail June 11th, for London and Paris, where he will represent the Baltimore Evening News. Mr. Valentine has been on the staff of this paper for several years as literary editor, and has gained considerable distinction as a writer. He will send weekly letters to the News on European subjects. Arthur L. Valentine another son who left Bellefonte over 18 years ago to go into the employ of the Carnegie Steel Co., has by his unaided effort risen to be the head of one of the most important departments in this large company and has been retained by the great United States Steel Co. He will remain in Pittsburg as the head of the department.

Flesh and Bone Ground Into Dust.

While walking through the machine room at the Rishel furniture factory at Williamsport Saturday evening Edward Gray, son of Dr. E. J. Gray, president of Dickinson Seminary, slipped, and in falling his right hand came in contact with the rapidly revolving knives of a buzz planer. In an instant the hand was chopped into pieces so small that the shaved flesh and bone were whirled up the flues provided to carry dust and shavings from the machine. Gray's condition is serious but it is believed he will recover.

Another Fast Run.

Engineer Carson Smith and conductor Edward Zerbe made another fast run on Saturday on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad with day express. They left Tyrone 23 minutes late and made the run in one hour and 39 minutes. Nineteen stops were made, including 2 stops for water.

—Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Oil. At any druggist.